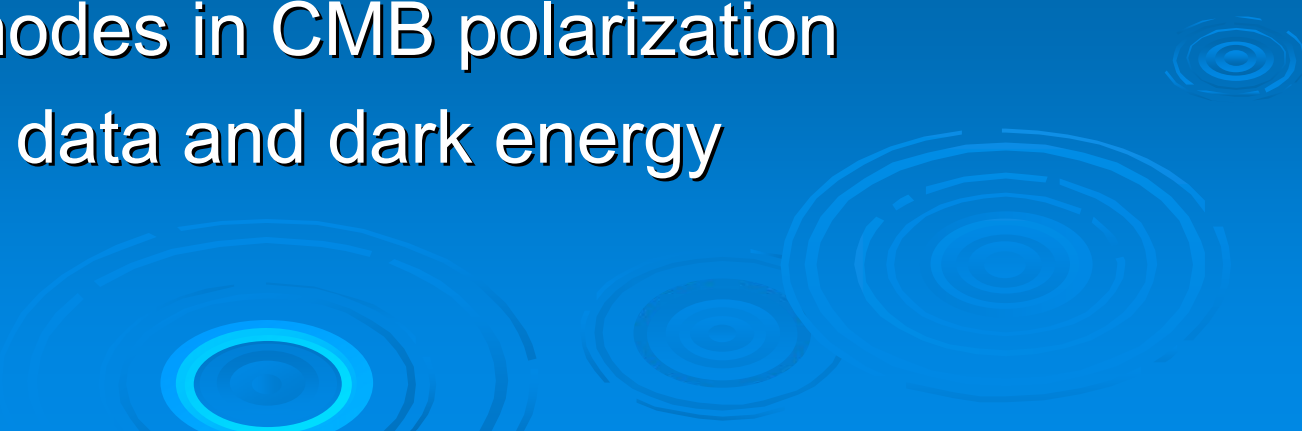


CMB as a dark energy probe

Carlo Baccigalupi



Outline

- Fighting against a cosmological constant
 - Parametrizing cosmic acceleration
 - The CMB role in the current dark energy bounds
 - “Classic” dark energy effects on CMB
 - “Modern” CMB relevance for dark energy: the promise of lensing
 - Lensing B modes in CMB polarization
 - Future CMB data and dark energy
- 

Fighting the cosmological constant

$$G_{\mu\nu} = 8\pi T_{\mu\nu}$$

Fighting the cosmological constant

$$G_{\mu\nu} + \Lambda g_{\mu\nu} = 8\pi T_{\mu\nu} + V g_{\mu\nu}$$

geometry

quantum vacuum

Fighting the cosmological constant

Λ :???



Fighting the cosmological constant

$\Lambda: ????$

$V: M^4$ Planck $????$

Fighting the cosmological constant

Λ :???

$$|\Lambda - V|/M_{\text{Planck}}^4 \lesssim 10^{-123}$$

V : M_{Planck}^4 ????

Fighting the cosmological constant

$\Lambda: ????$

percent precision

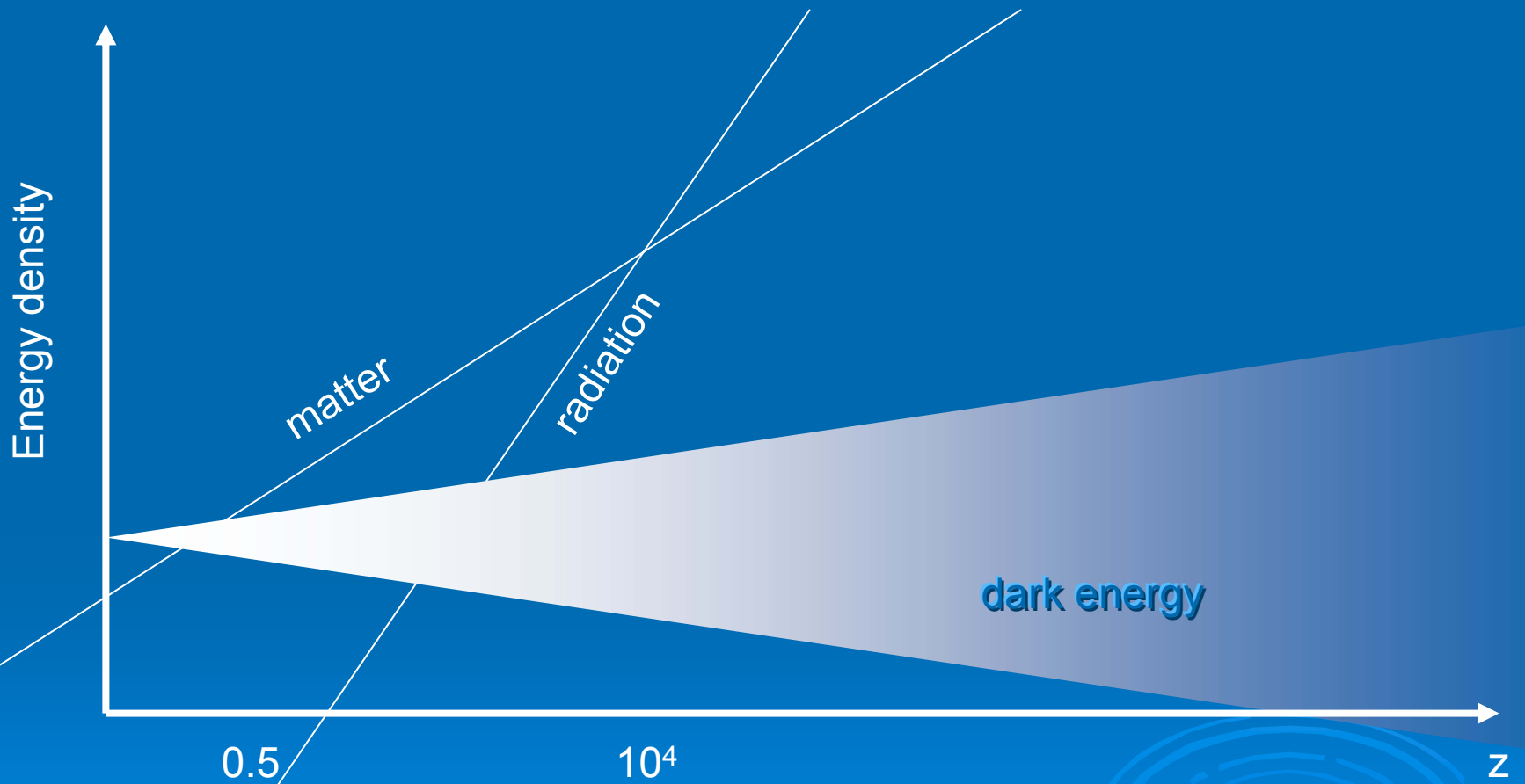
$$|\Lambda - V| / M_{\text{Planck}}^4 = 10^{-123}$$

$V: M_{\text{Planck}}^4 ????$

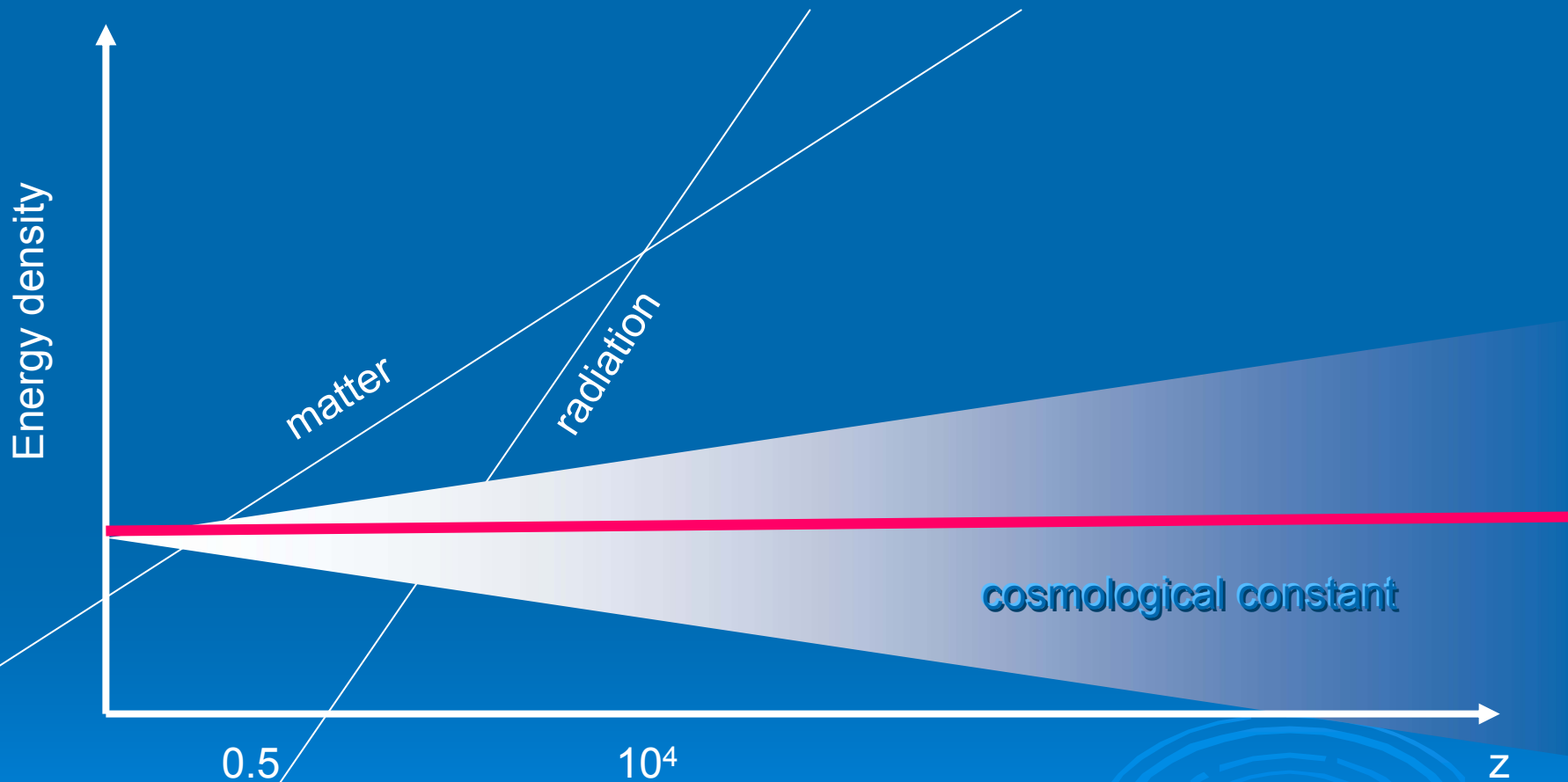
(Boh?)²

- Why so small with respect to any other known energy scale in physics?
- Why comparable to the matter energy density today?

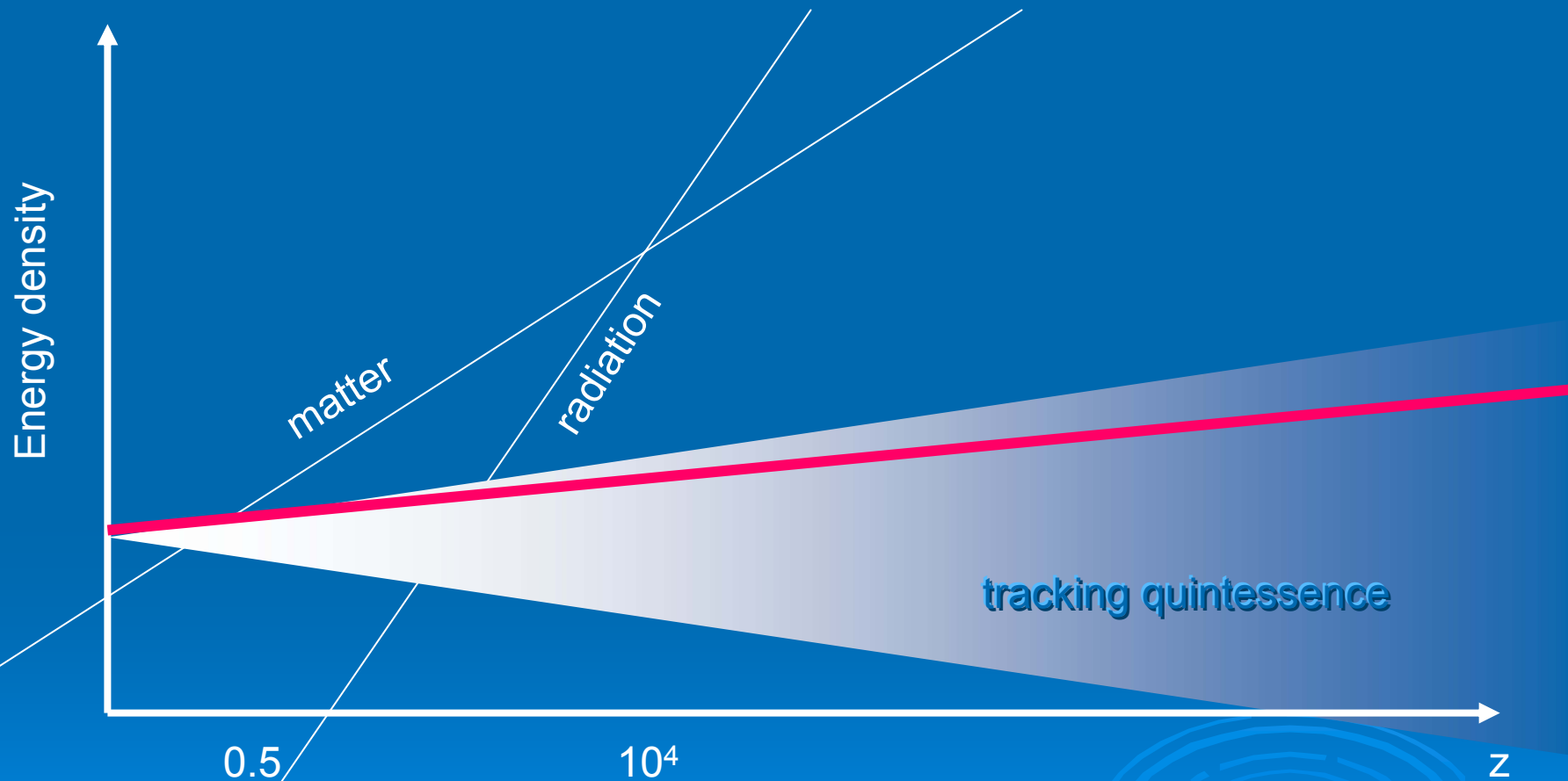
Dark energy



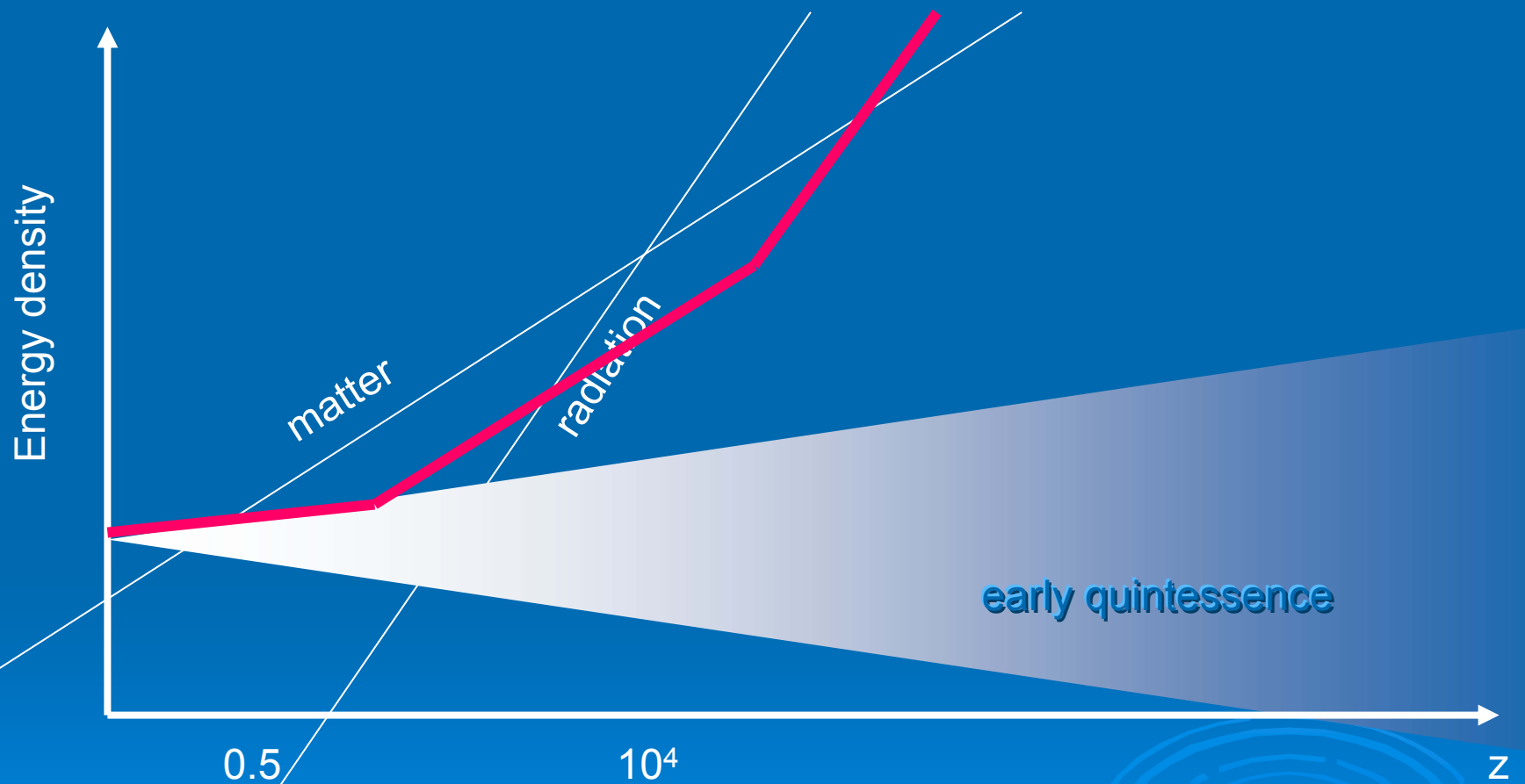
Dark energy



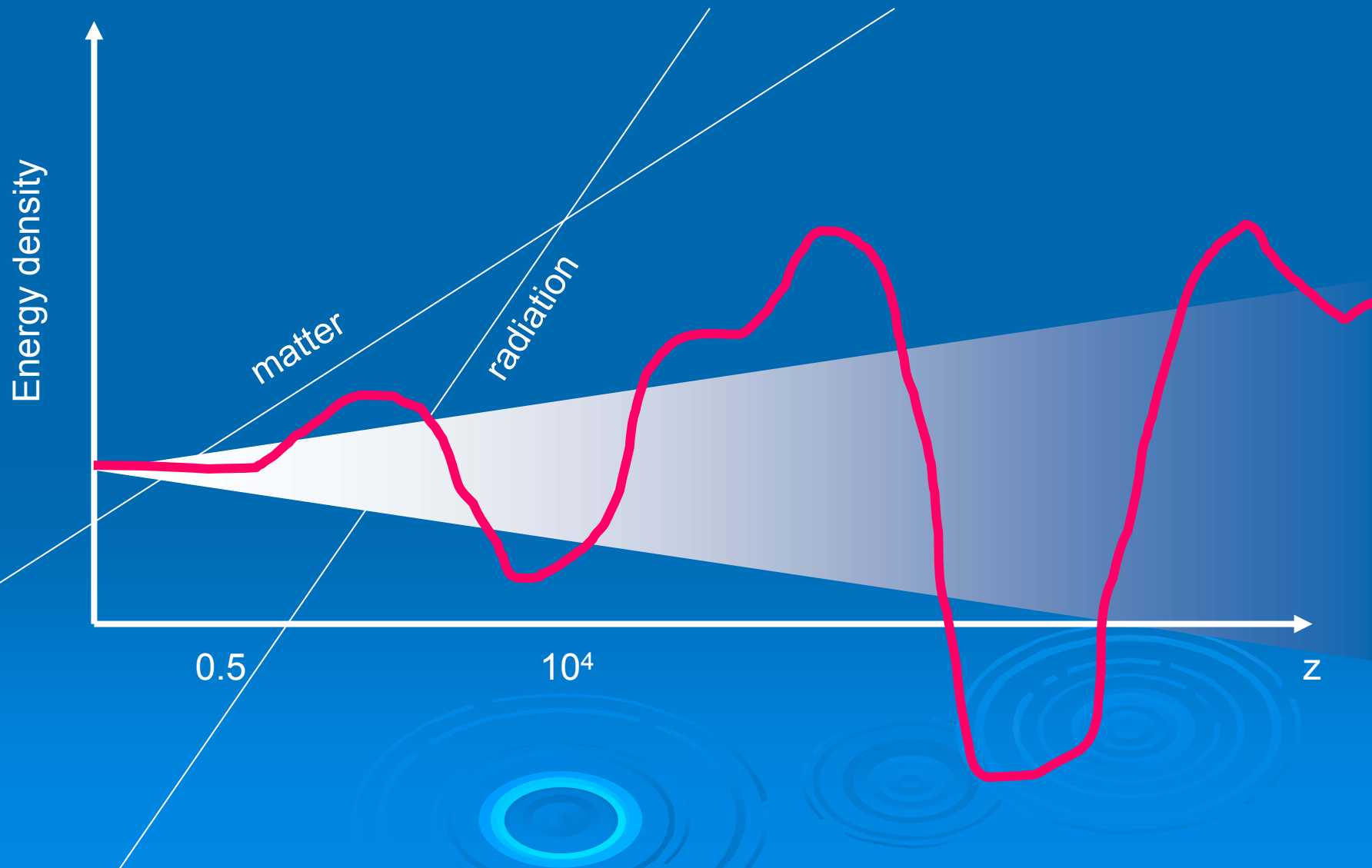
Dark energy



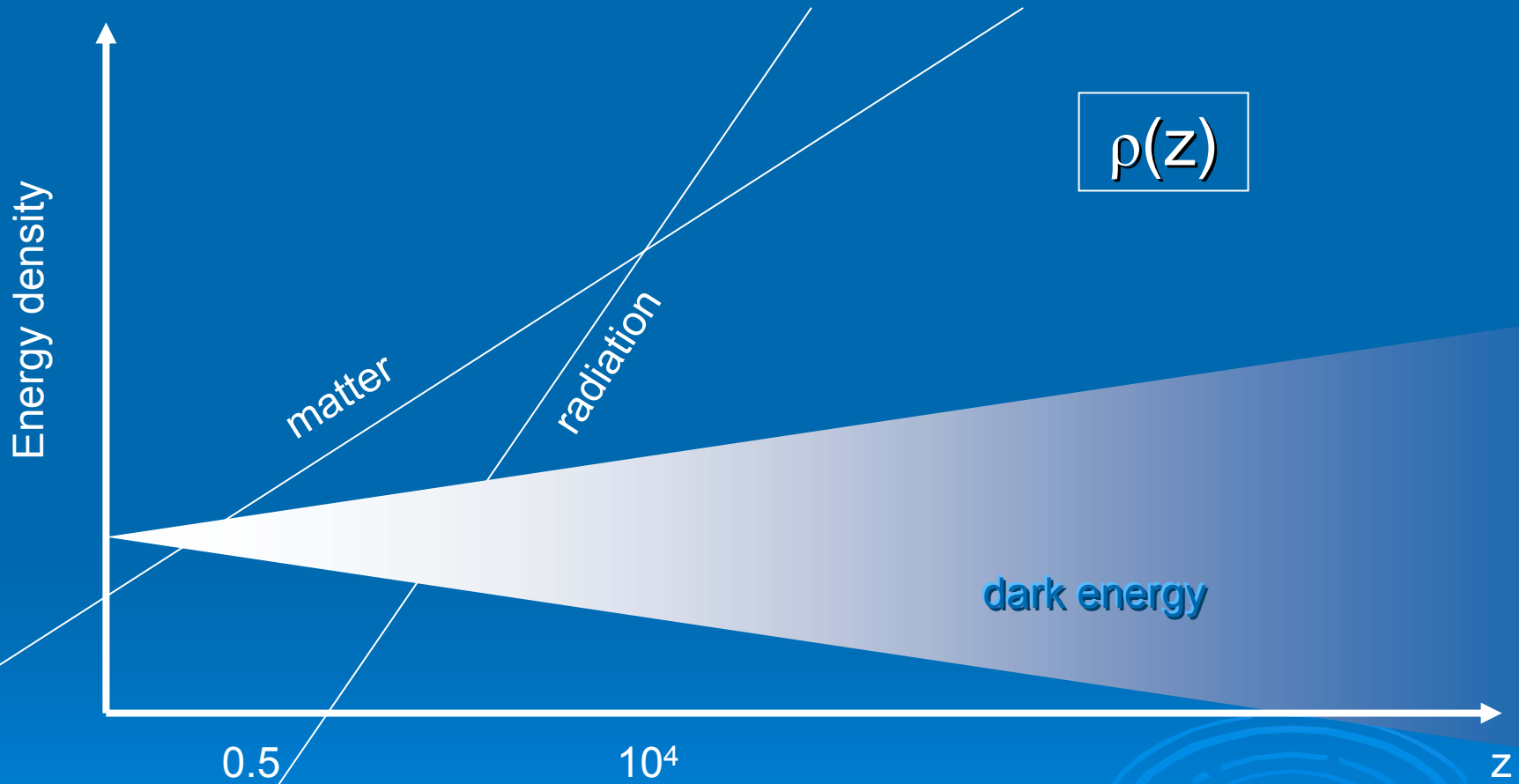
Dark energy



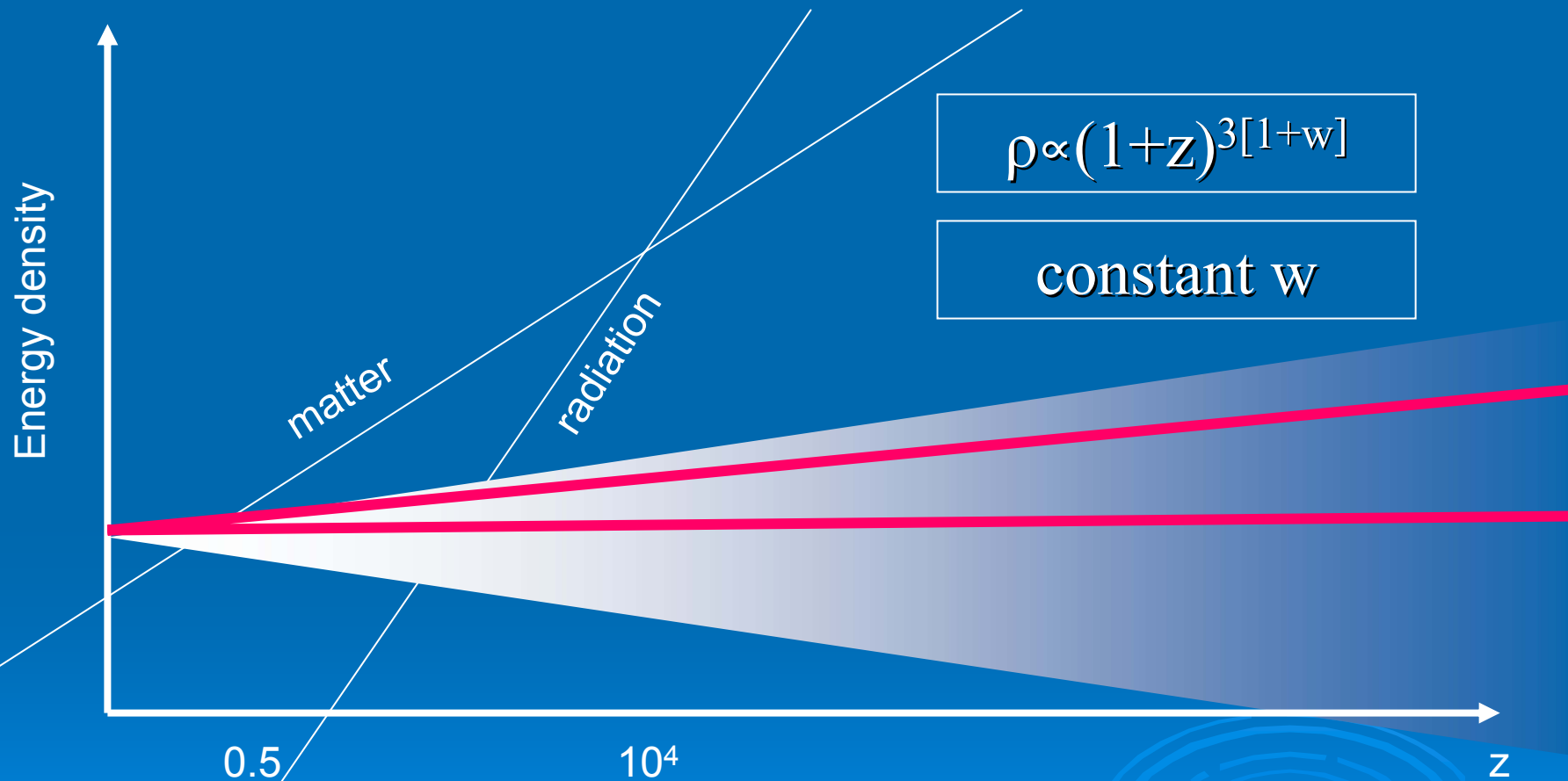
Dark energy



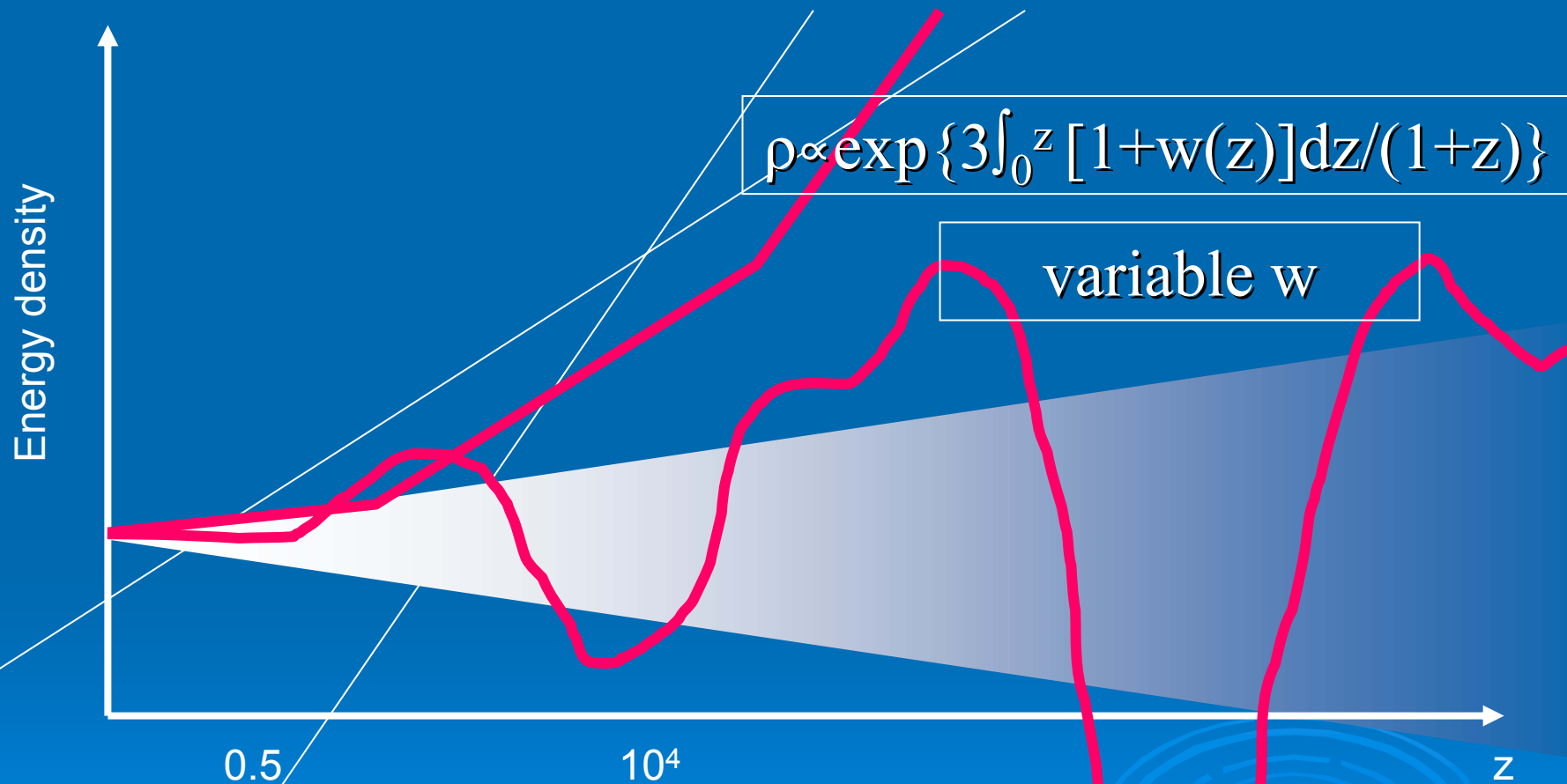
Parametrizing cosmic acceleration is ...



...parametrizing cosmic density

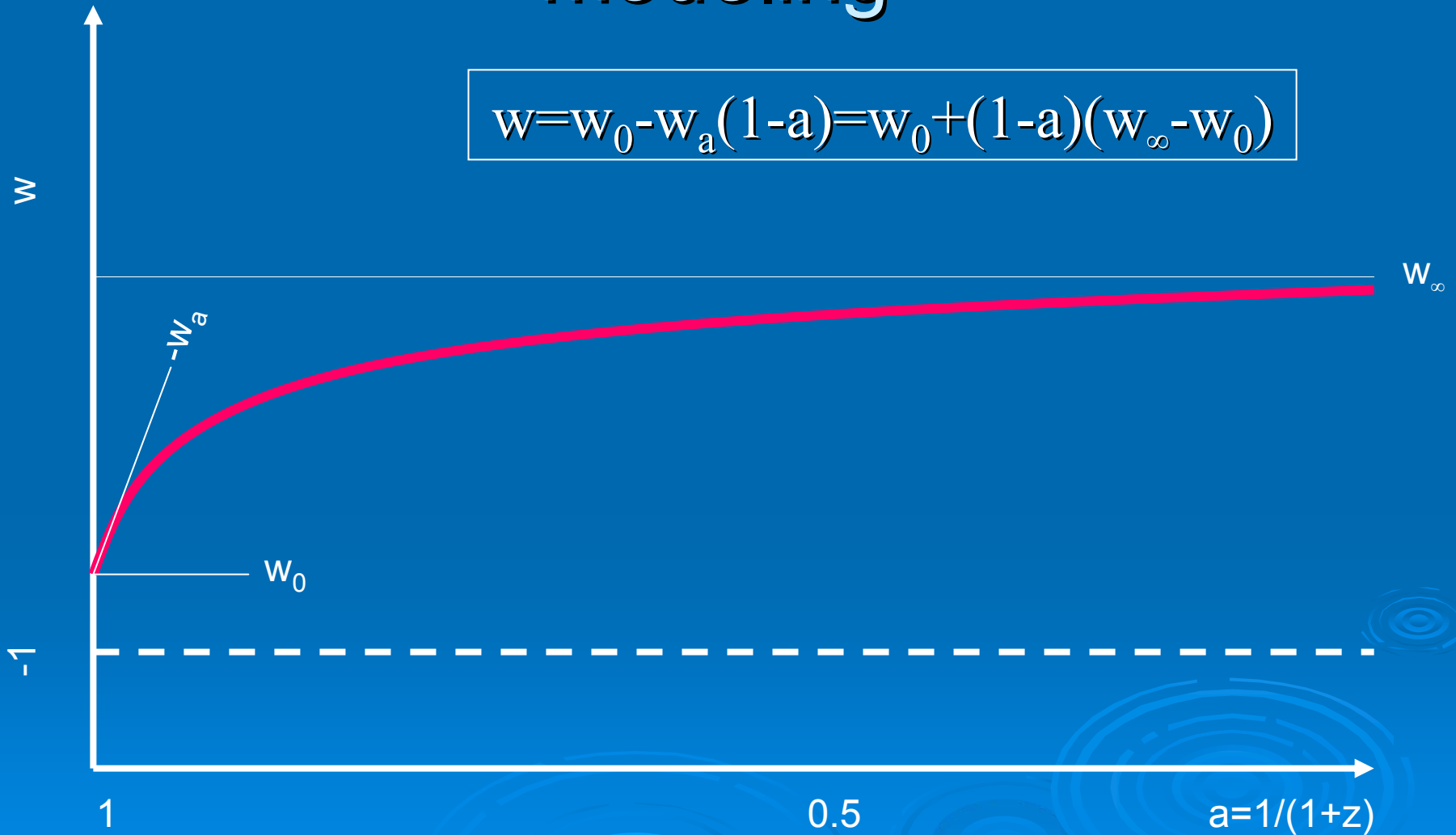


Parametrizing cosmic density

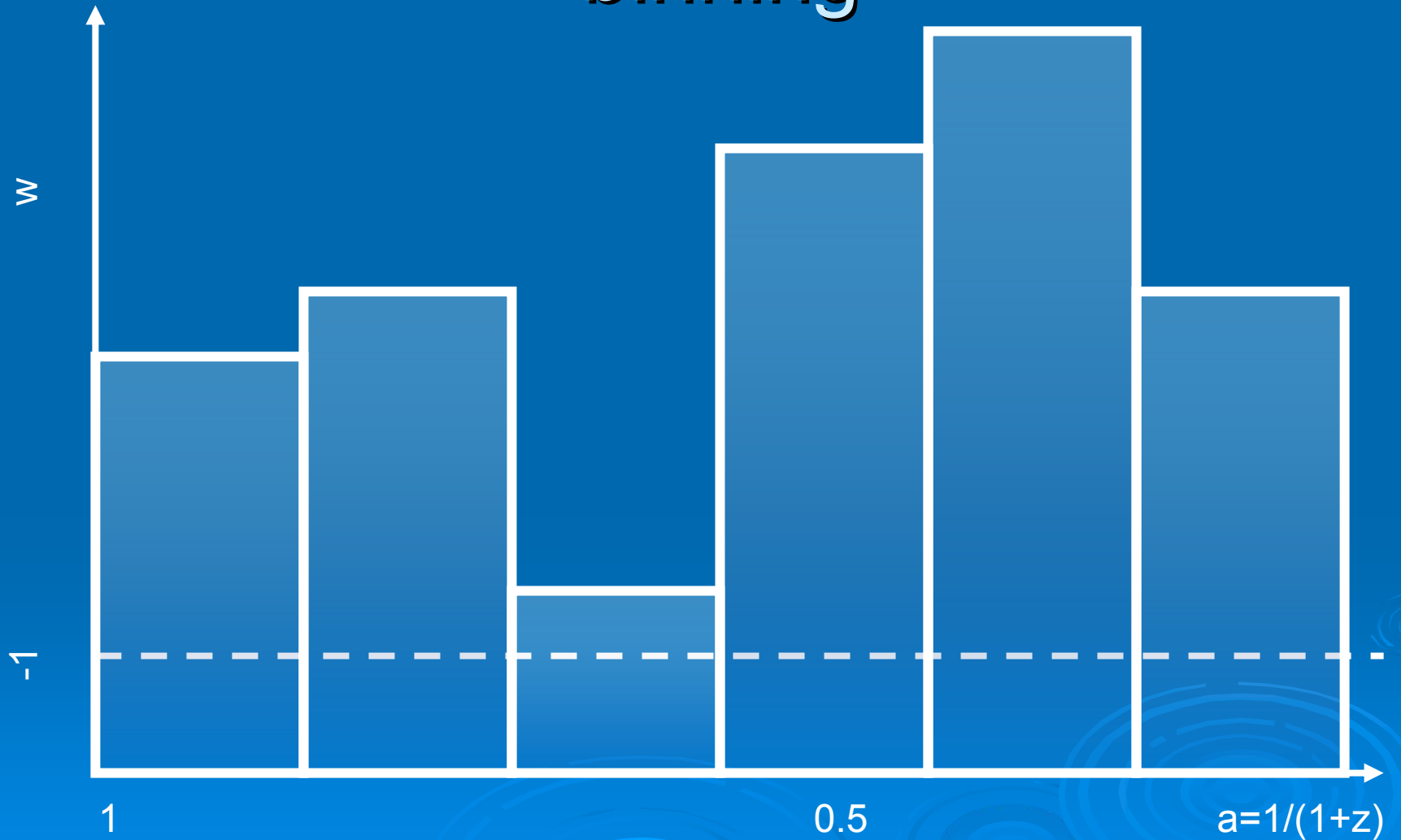


Parametrizing cosmic acceleration: modeling

$$w = w_0 - w_a(1-a) = w_0 + (1-a)(w_\infty - w_0)$$



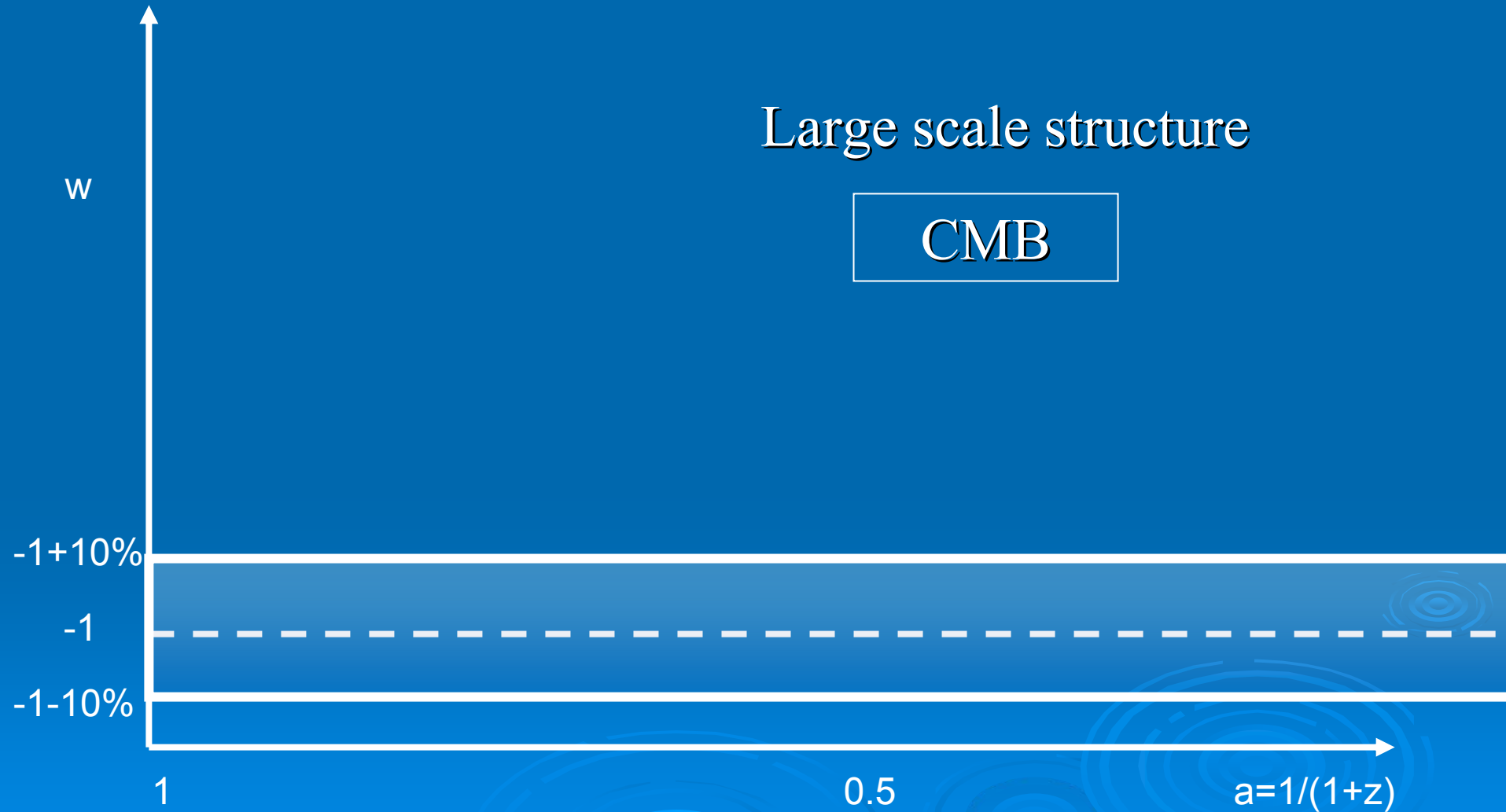
Parametrizing cosmic acceleration: binning



Parametrizing cosmic acceleration: binning versus modeling

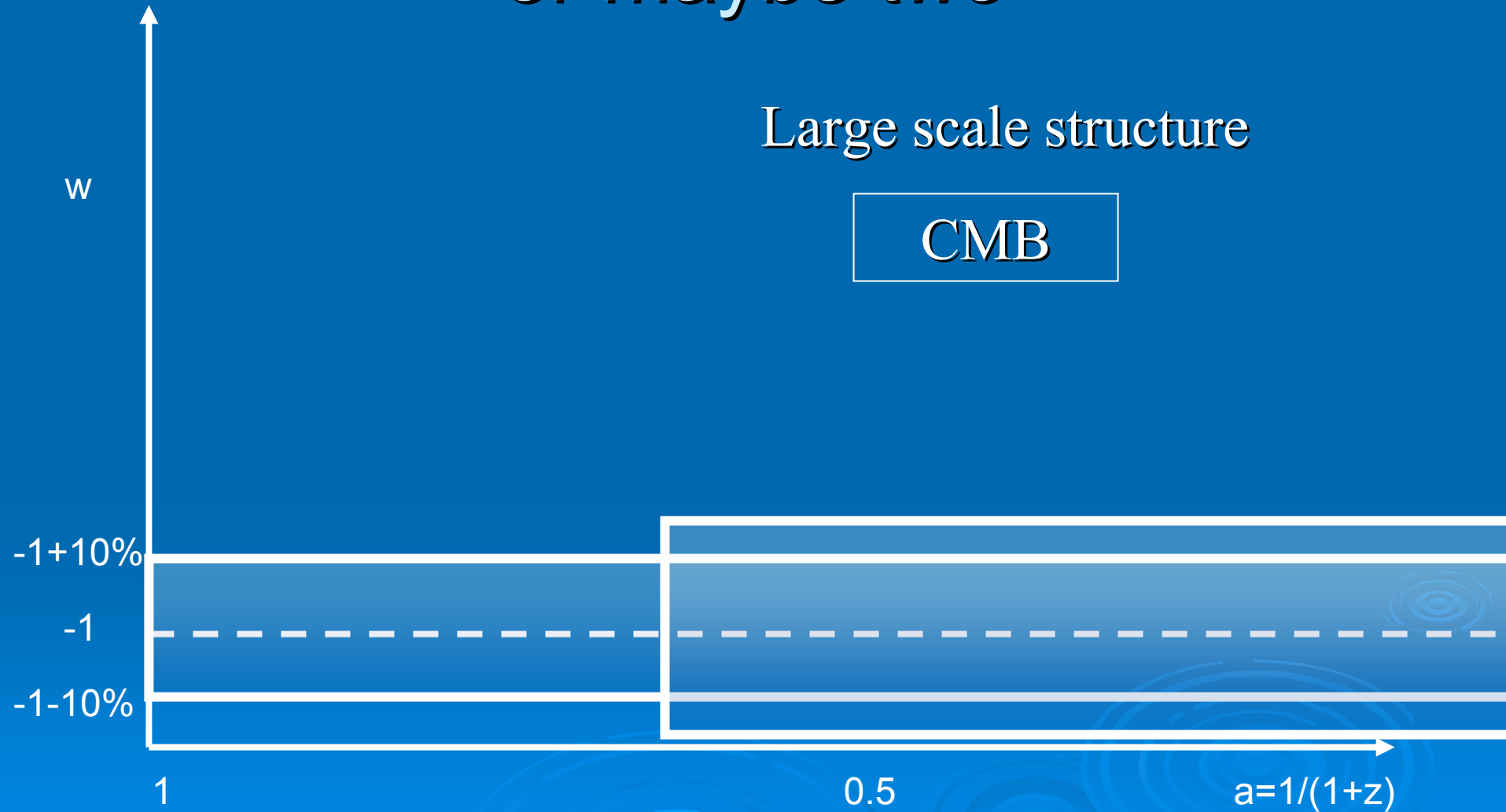
- Binning: model independent ☺, many parameters ☹
- Modeling: always a bias ☹, but a minimal model exists ☺, made by w_0 and its first time derivative
- Sticking with one particular model in between may be inconvenient, better relating that to one of the two approaches above

Present cosmological bounds: one bin



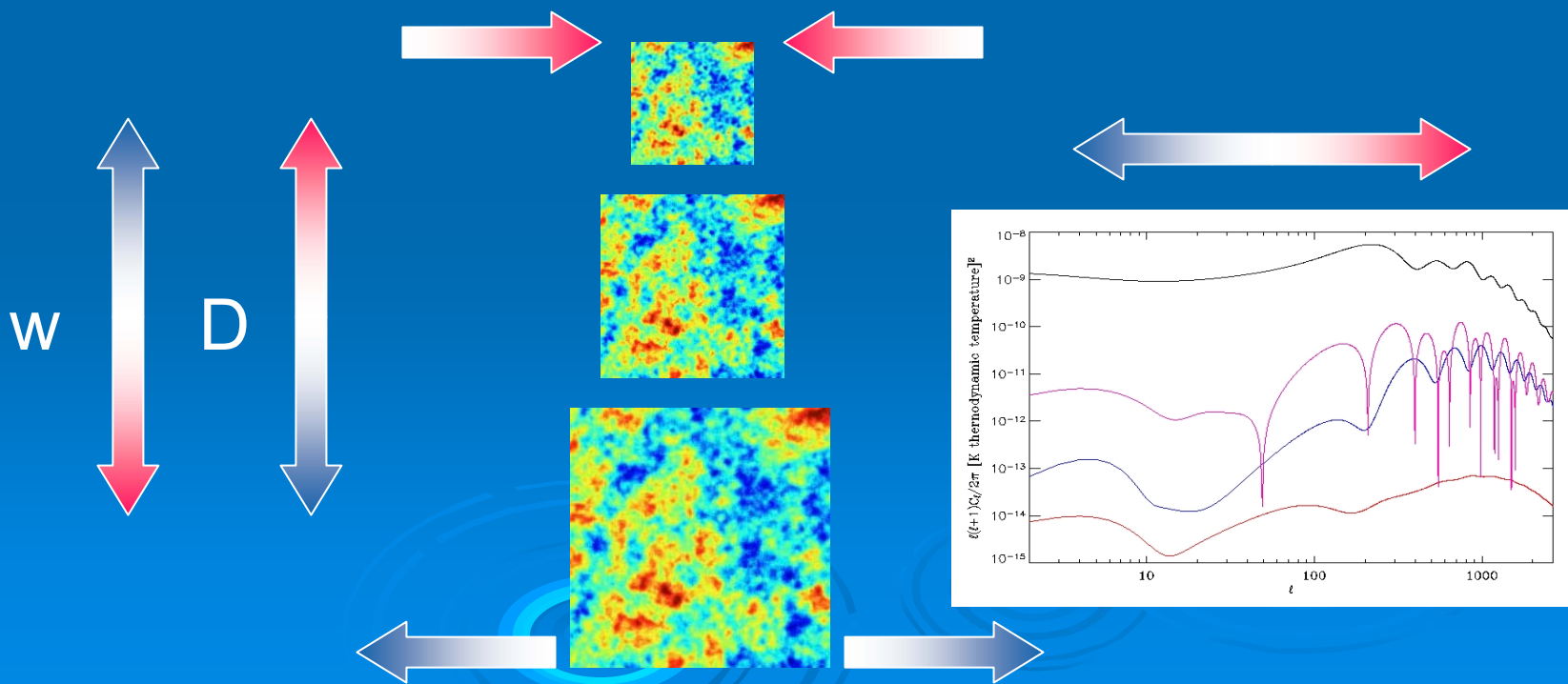
See Spergel et al., 2006, and references therein

Present cosmological bounds: one bin, or maybe two



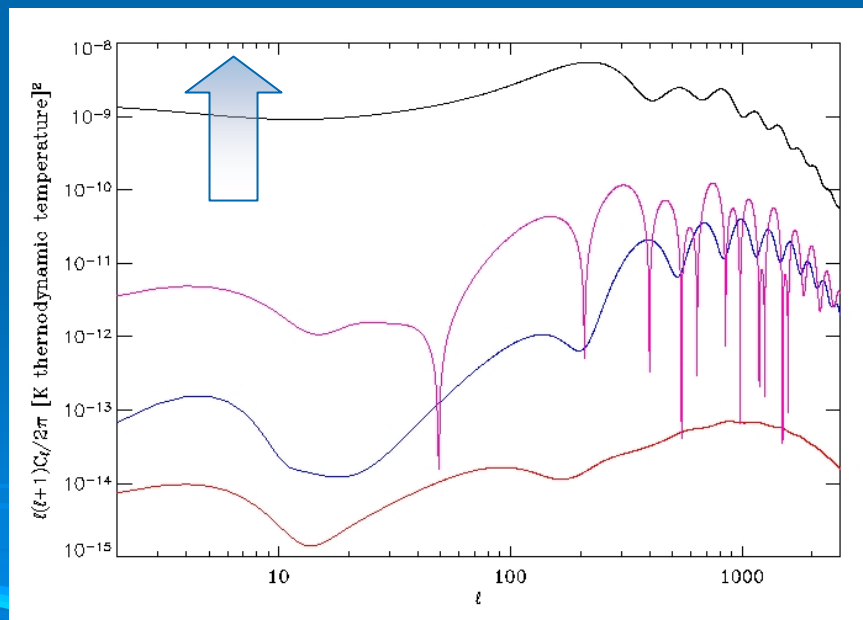
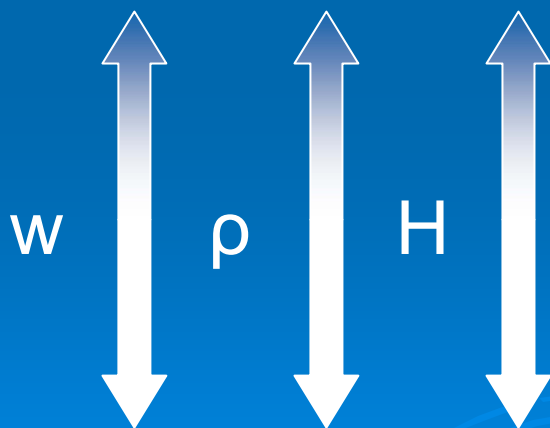
“Classic” dark energy effects on CMB: projection

$$D = H_0^{-1} \int_0^z \frac{dz}{[\sum_i \Omega_i (1+z)^{3(1+w_i)}]^{1/2}}$$

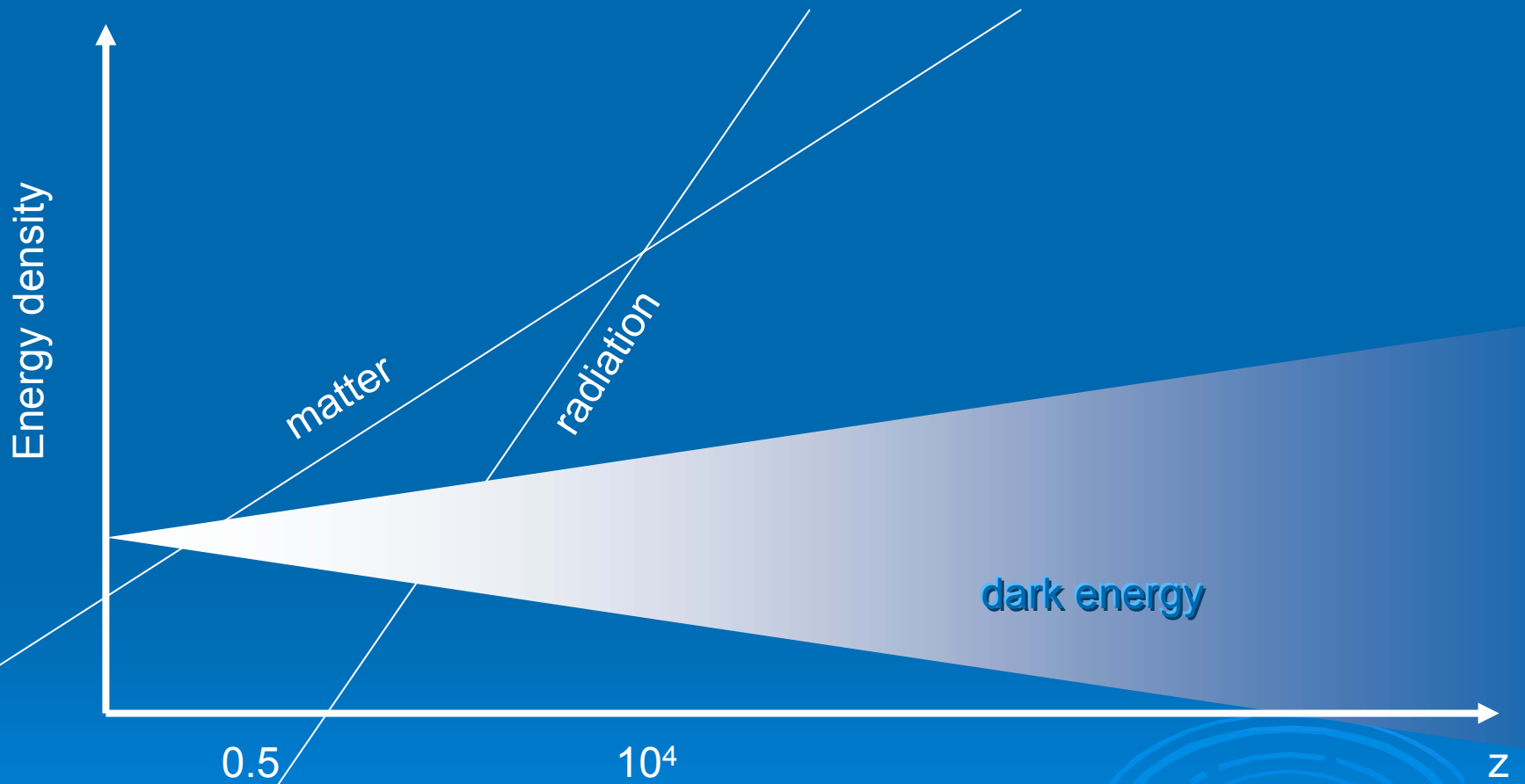


“Classic” dark energy effects on CMB: integrated Sachs-Wolfe

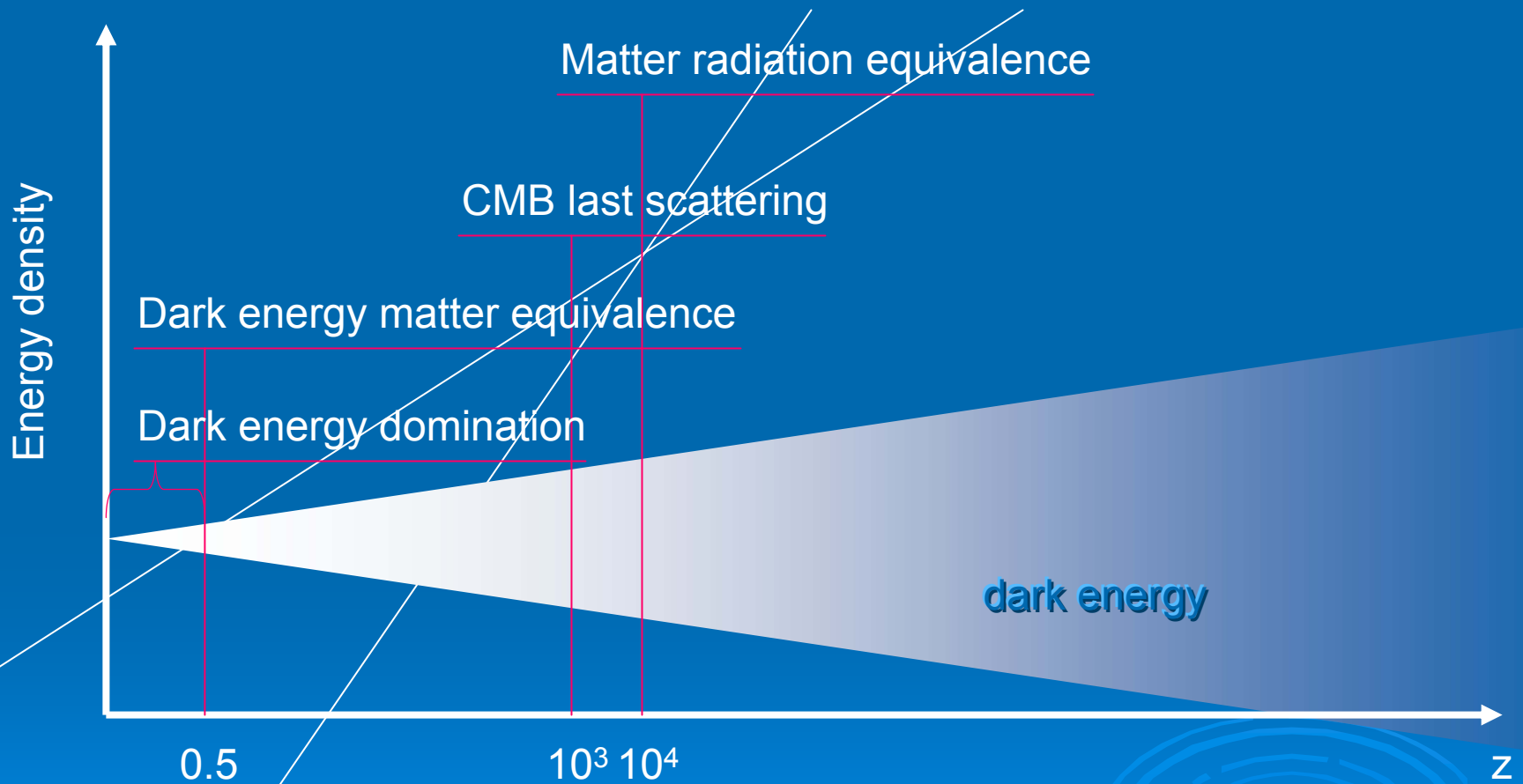
Cosmological friction for
cosmological perturbations $\propto H$



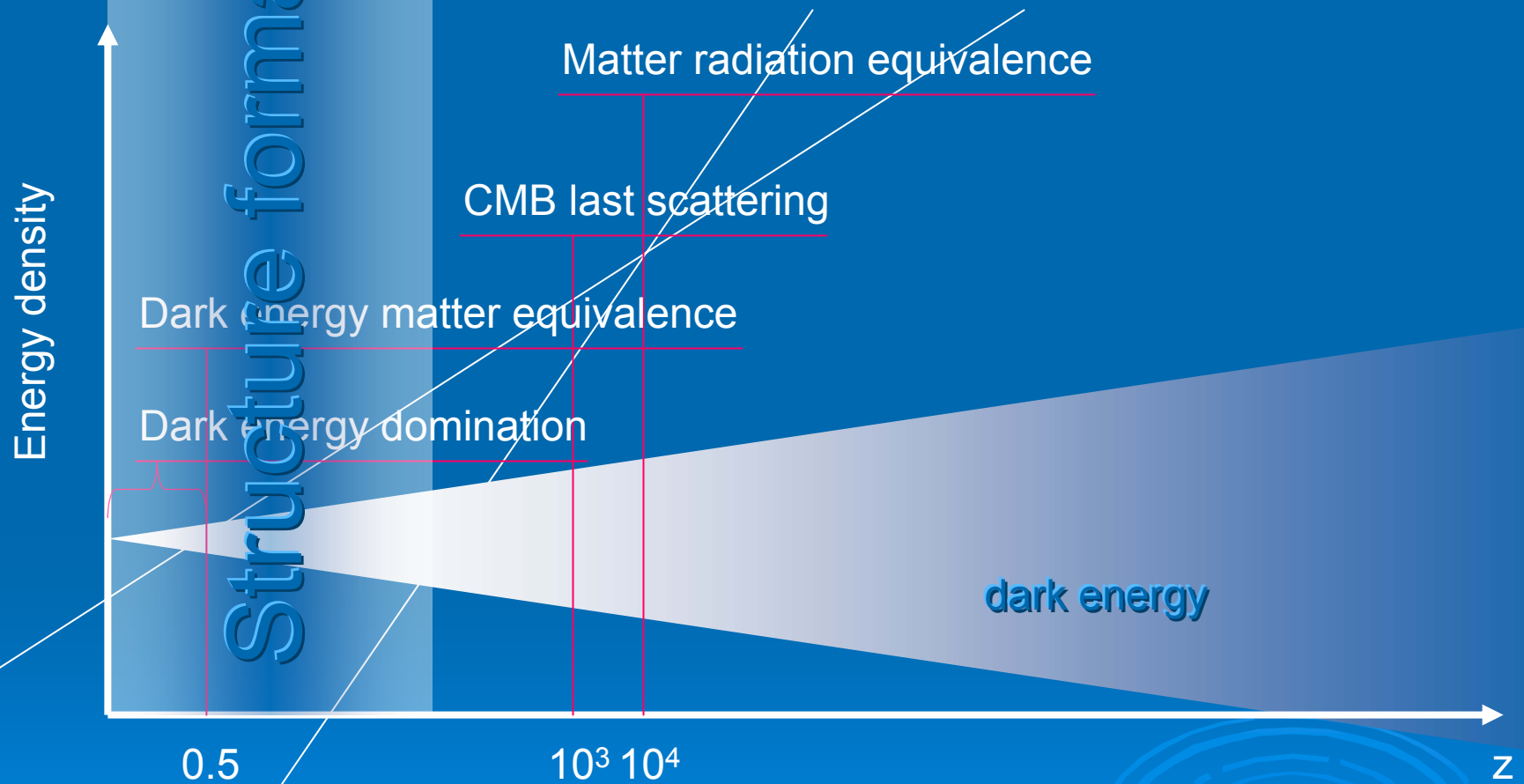
The “modern” era



The “modern” era



The "modern" era



The “modern” era: study the signatures of structure formation on the CMB

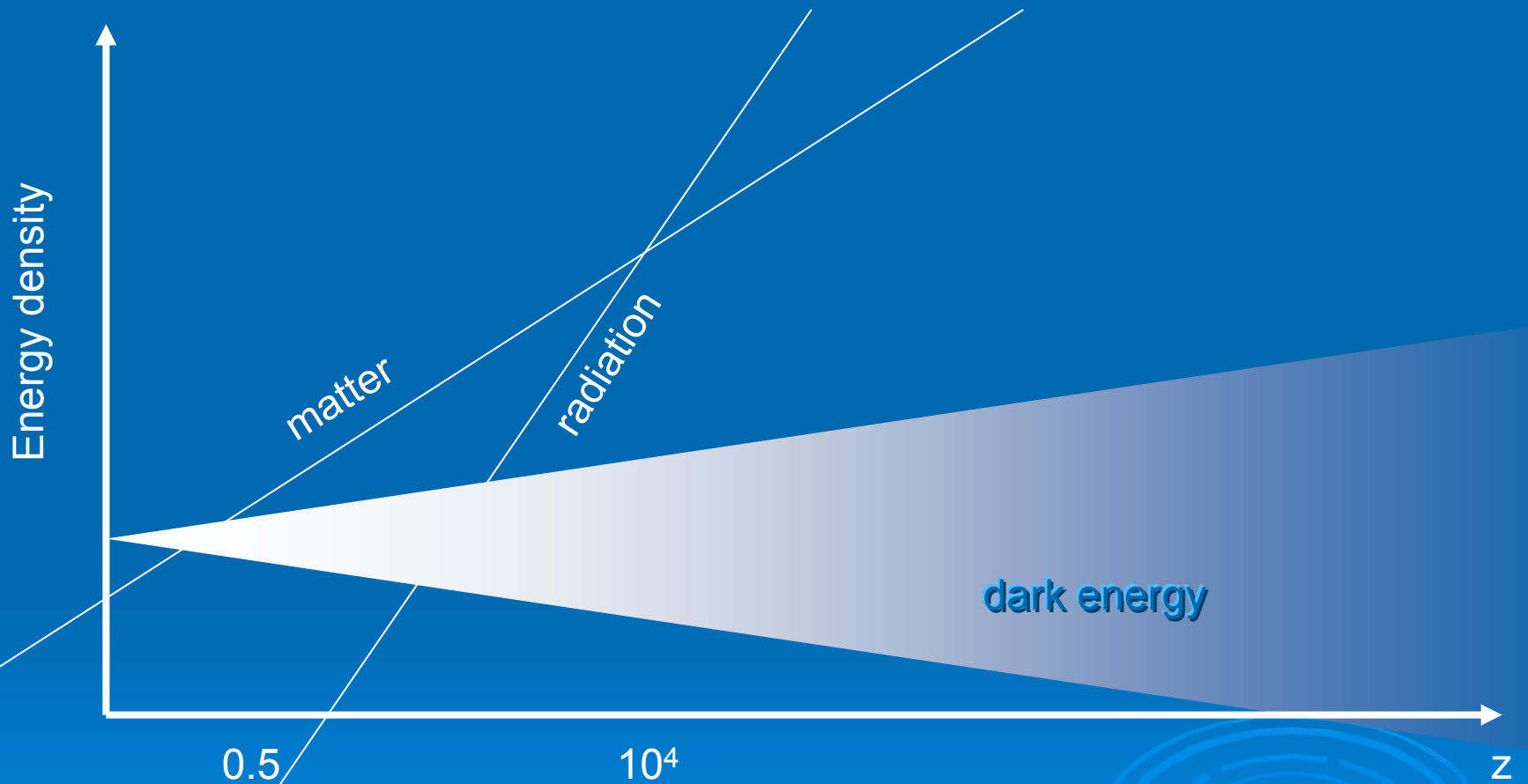
- Beat cosmic variance by predicting the ISW effect from local and observed structures
- Study lensed CMB



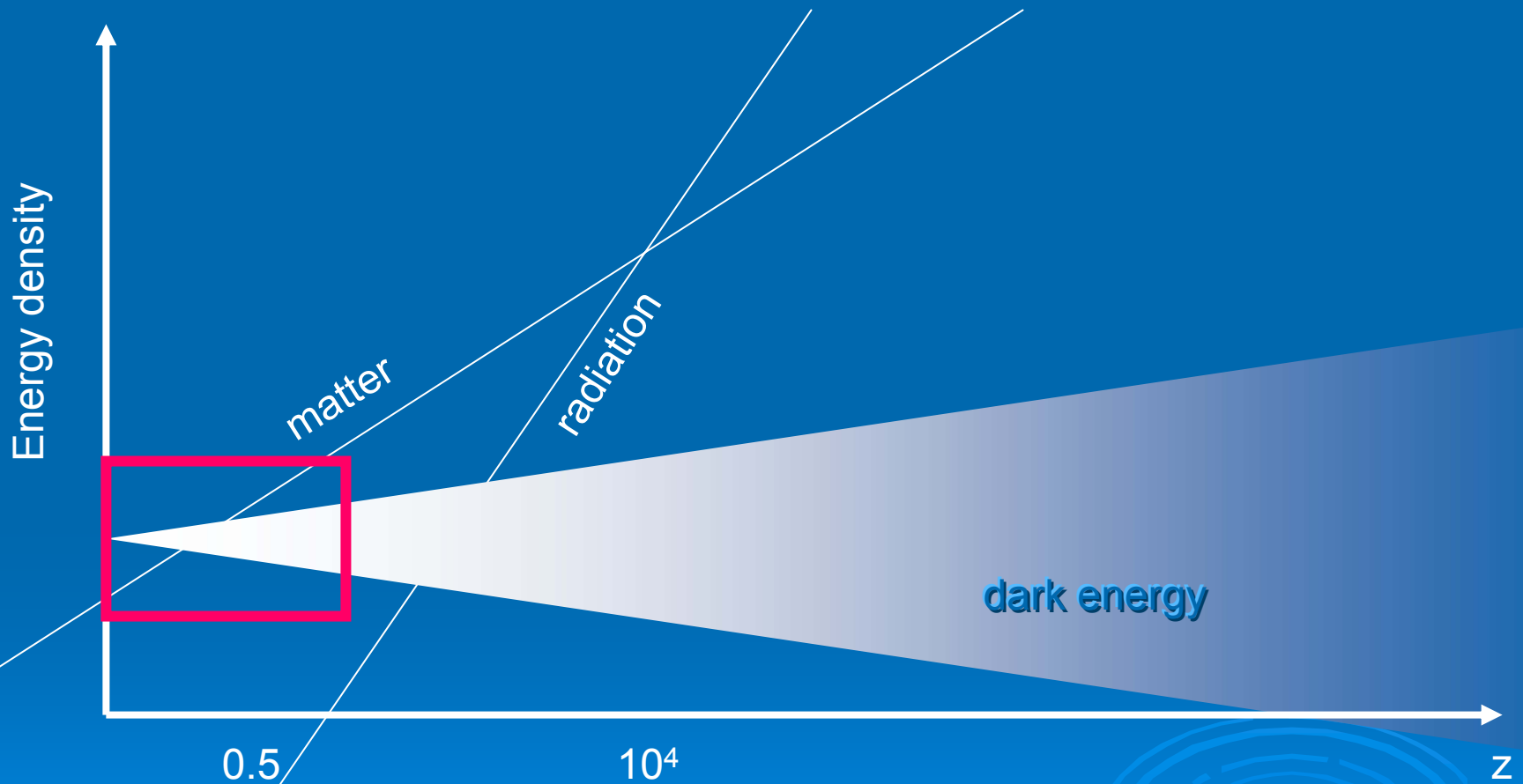
The “modern” era: study the signatures of structure formation on the CMB

- Beat cosmic variance by predicting the ISW effect from local and observed structures
- Study lensed CMB

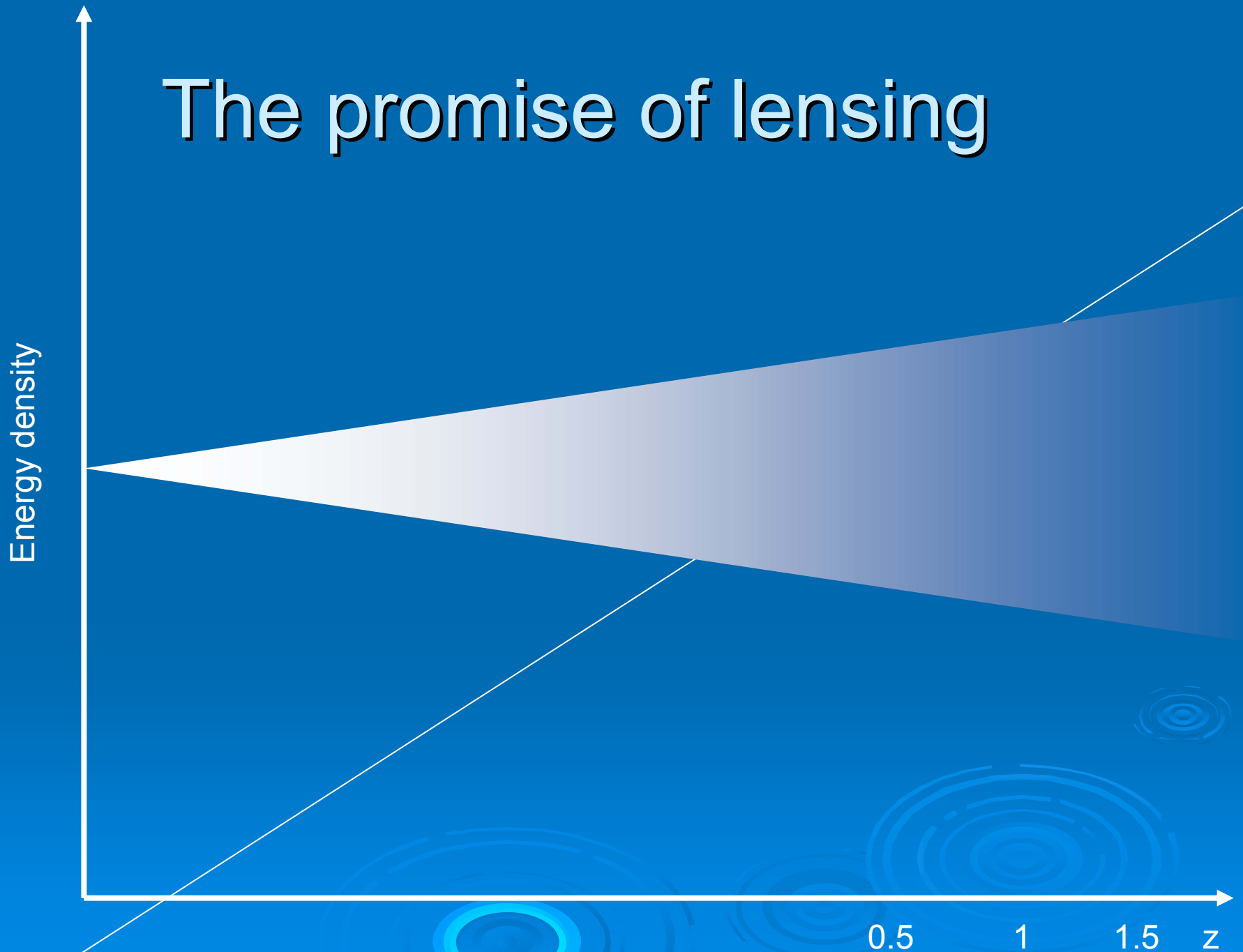
The promise of lensing



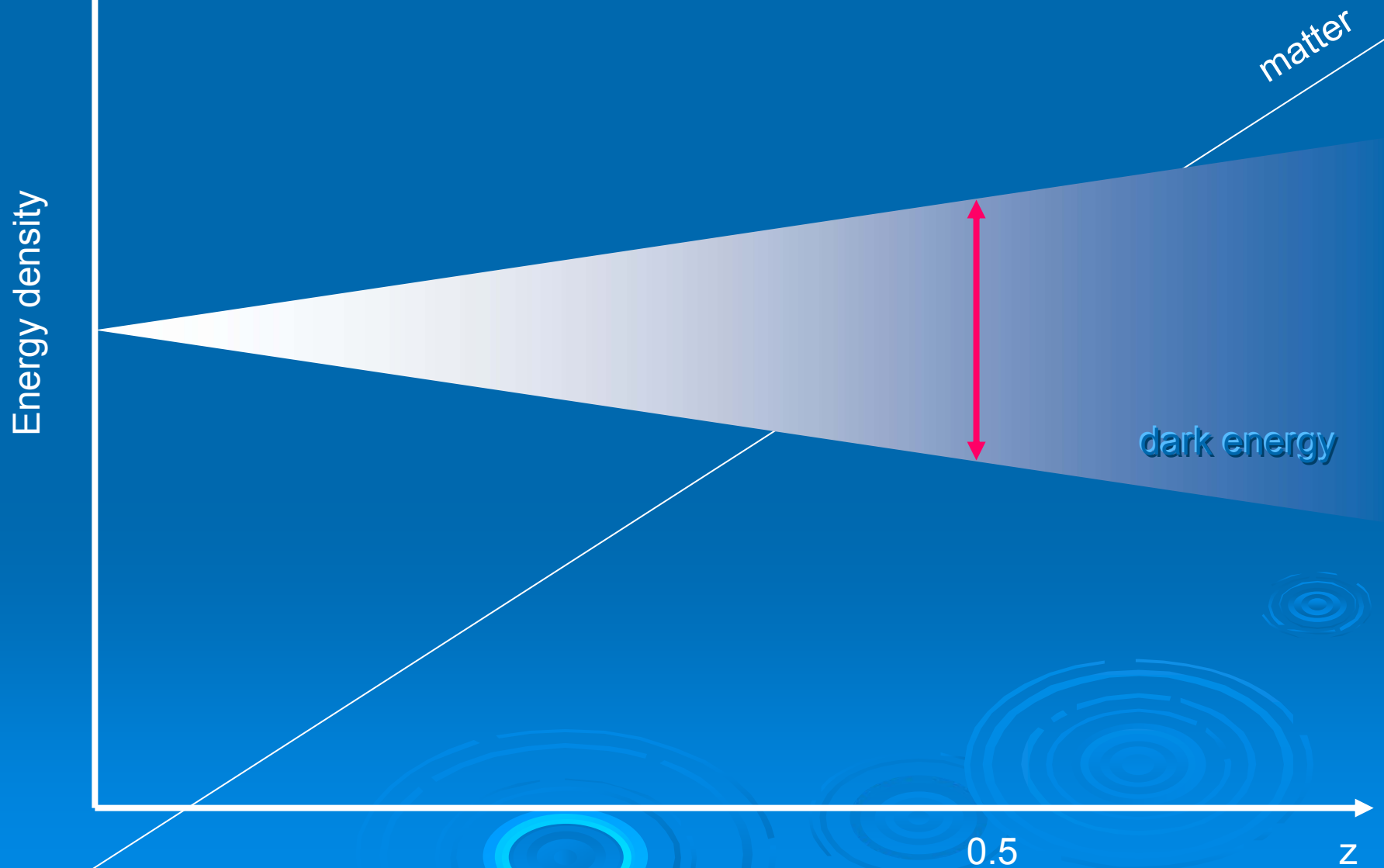
The promise of lensing



The promise of lensing



The promise of lensing

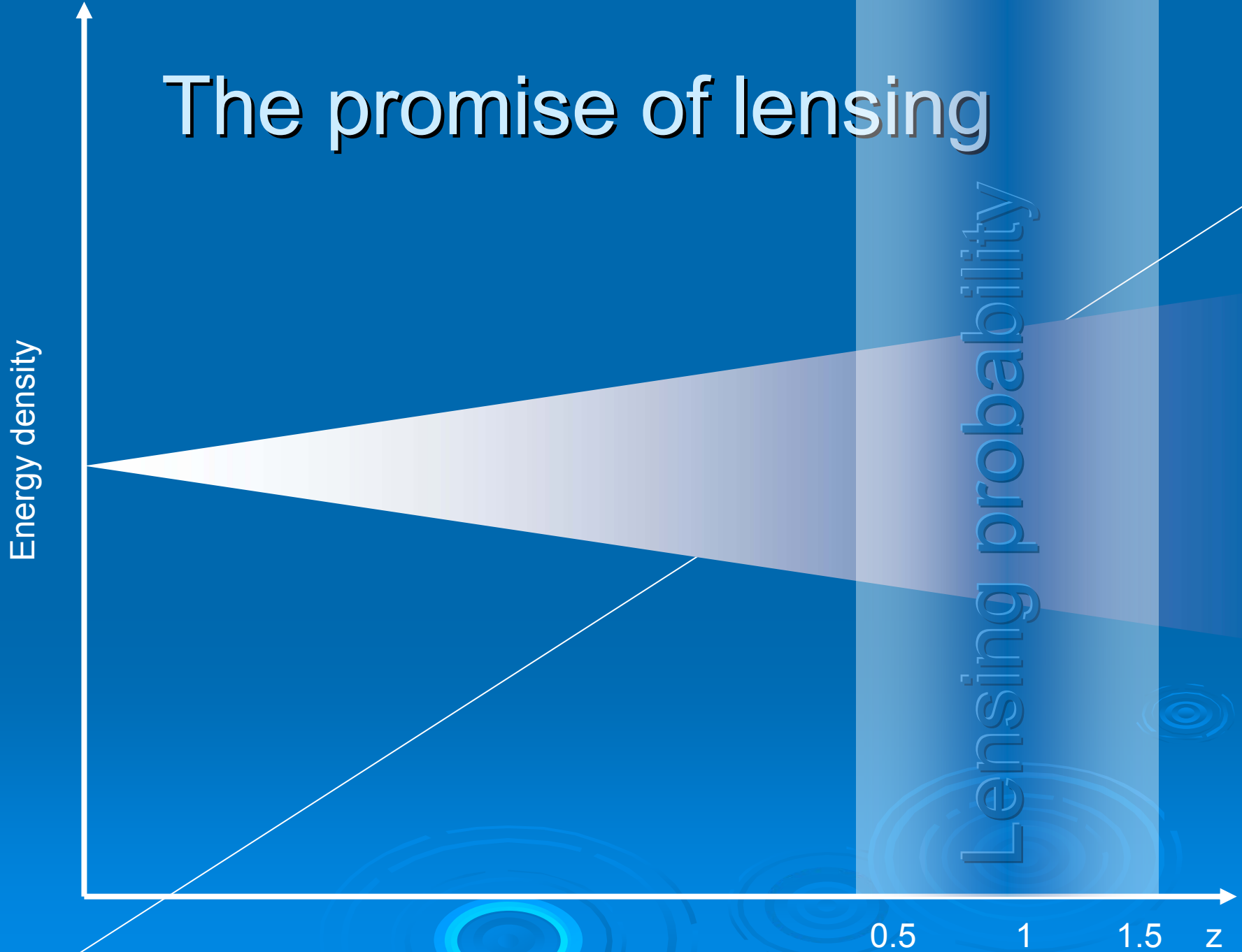


The promise of lensing



- By geometry, the lensing cross section is non-zero at intermediate distances between source and observer
- In the case of CMB as a source, the lensing power peaks at about $z=1$
- Any lensing power in CMB anisotropy must be quite sensitive to the expansion rate at the onset of acceleration

The promise of lensing



0.5

1

1.5

z

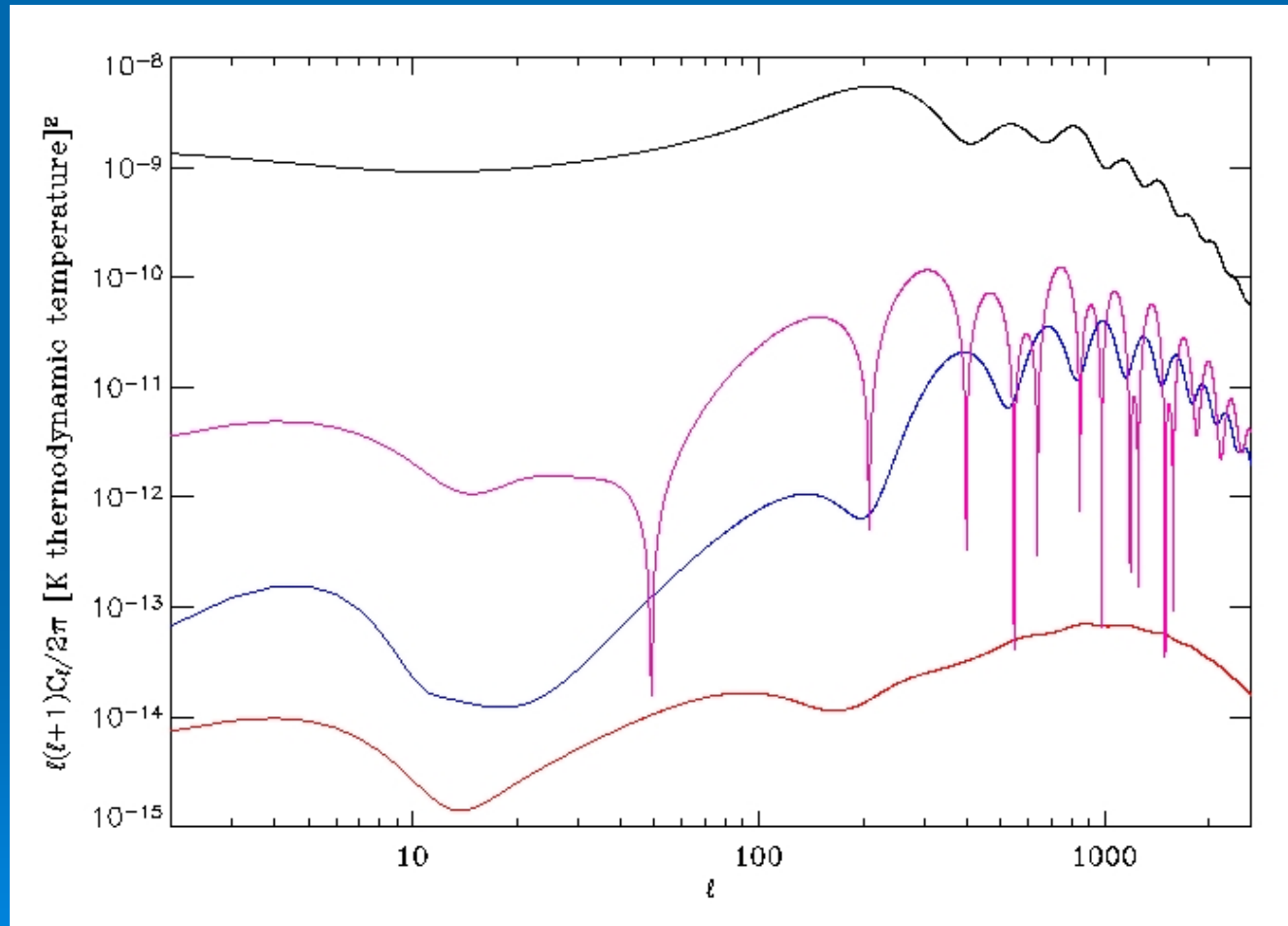
How lensing modifies the CMB

- Most relevant on the angular scales subtended by lenses, from the arcminute to the degree
- It makes the CMB non-Gaussian
- It smears acoustic peaks
- It activates a broad peak in the B modes of CMB polarization

How lensing modifies the CMB

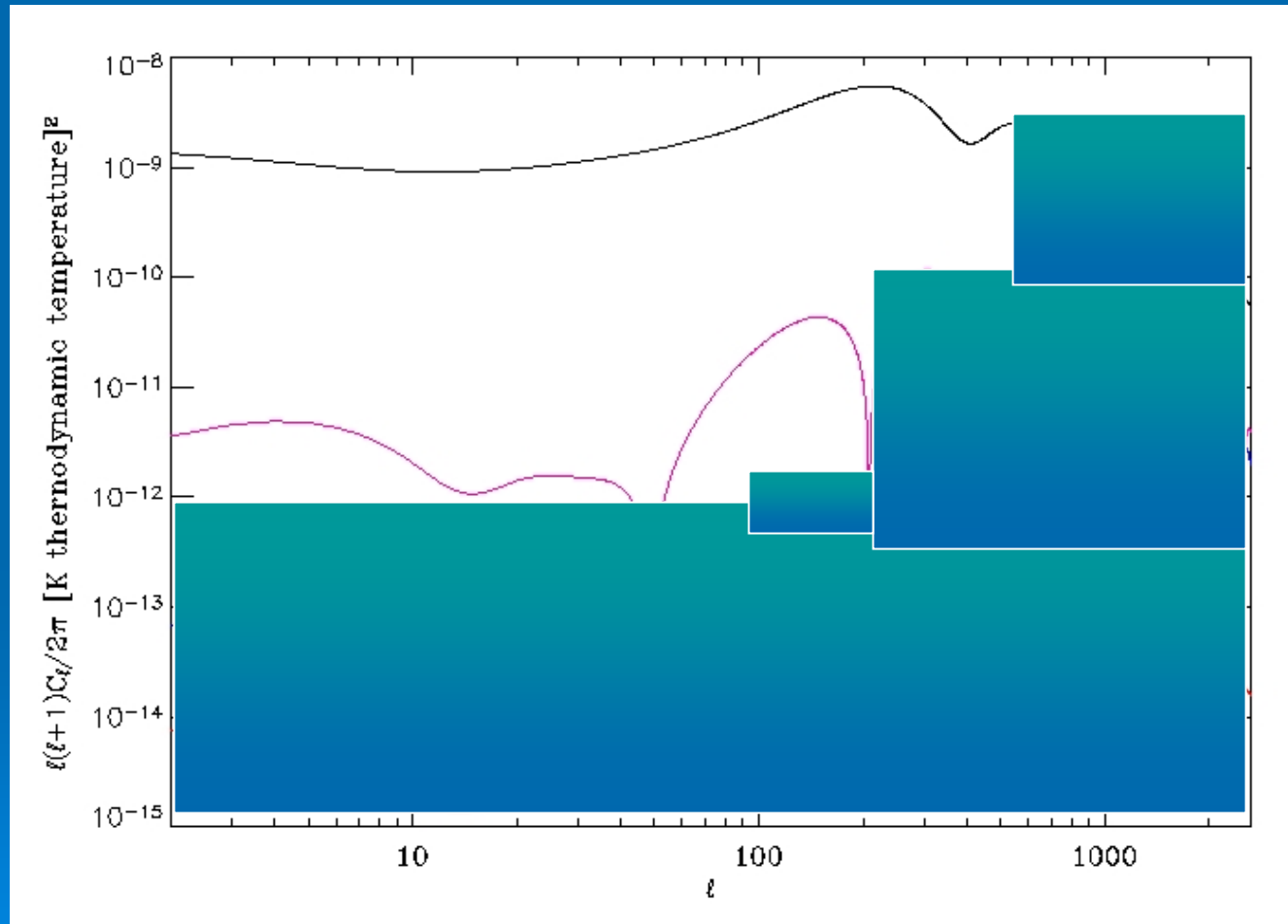
- Most relevant on the angular scales subtended by lenses, from the arcminute to the degree
- It makes the CMB non-Gaussian
- It smears out acoustic peaks
- It activates a broad peak in the B modes of CMB polarization

CMB angular power spectrum



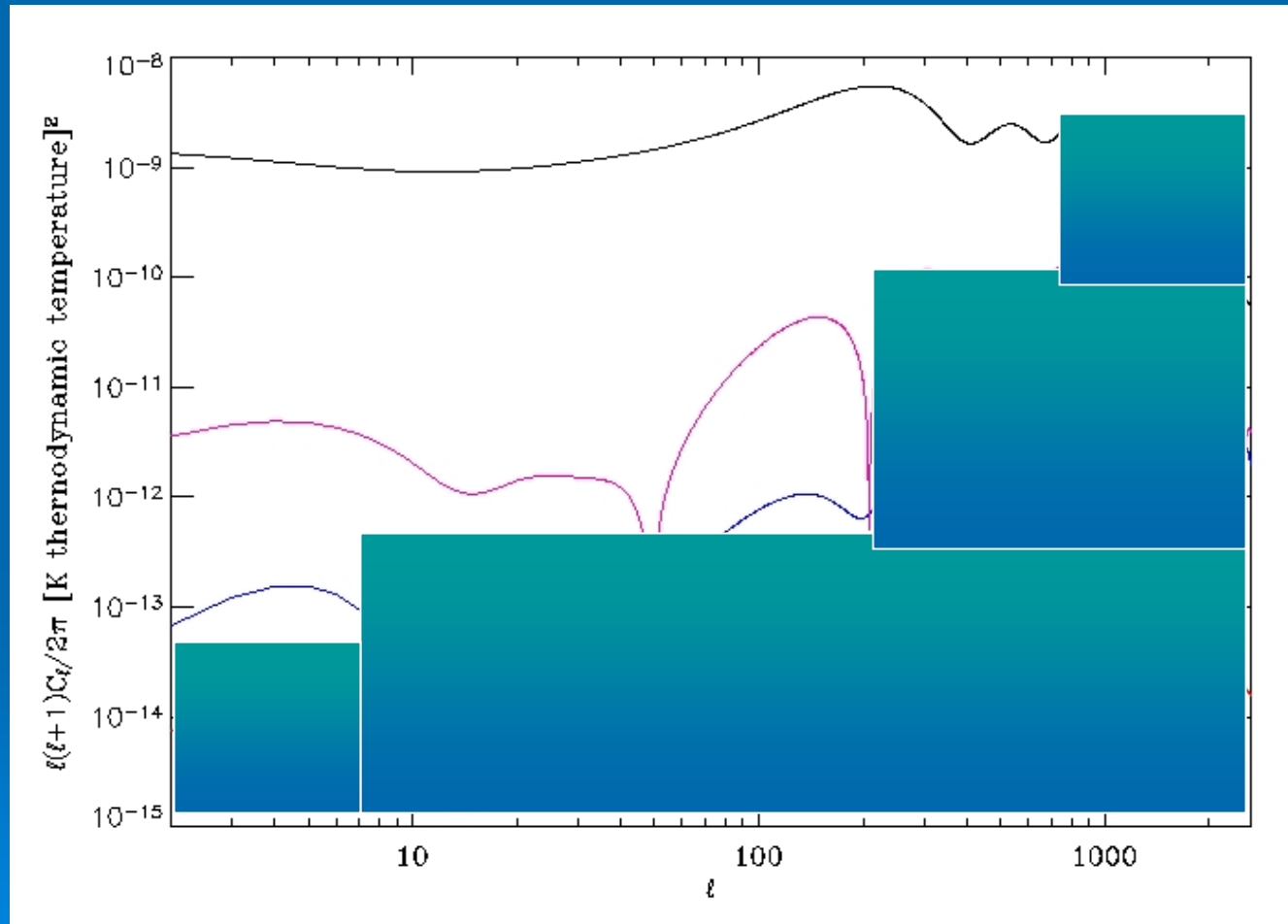
Angle $\approx 200/l$ degrees

Known CMB angular power spectrum: WMAP first year



Angle $\approx 200/l$ degrees

Known CMB angular power spectrum: WMAP third year



Angle $\approx 200/l$ degrees

CMB angular power spectrum

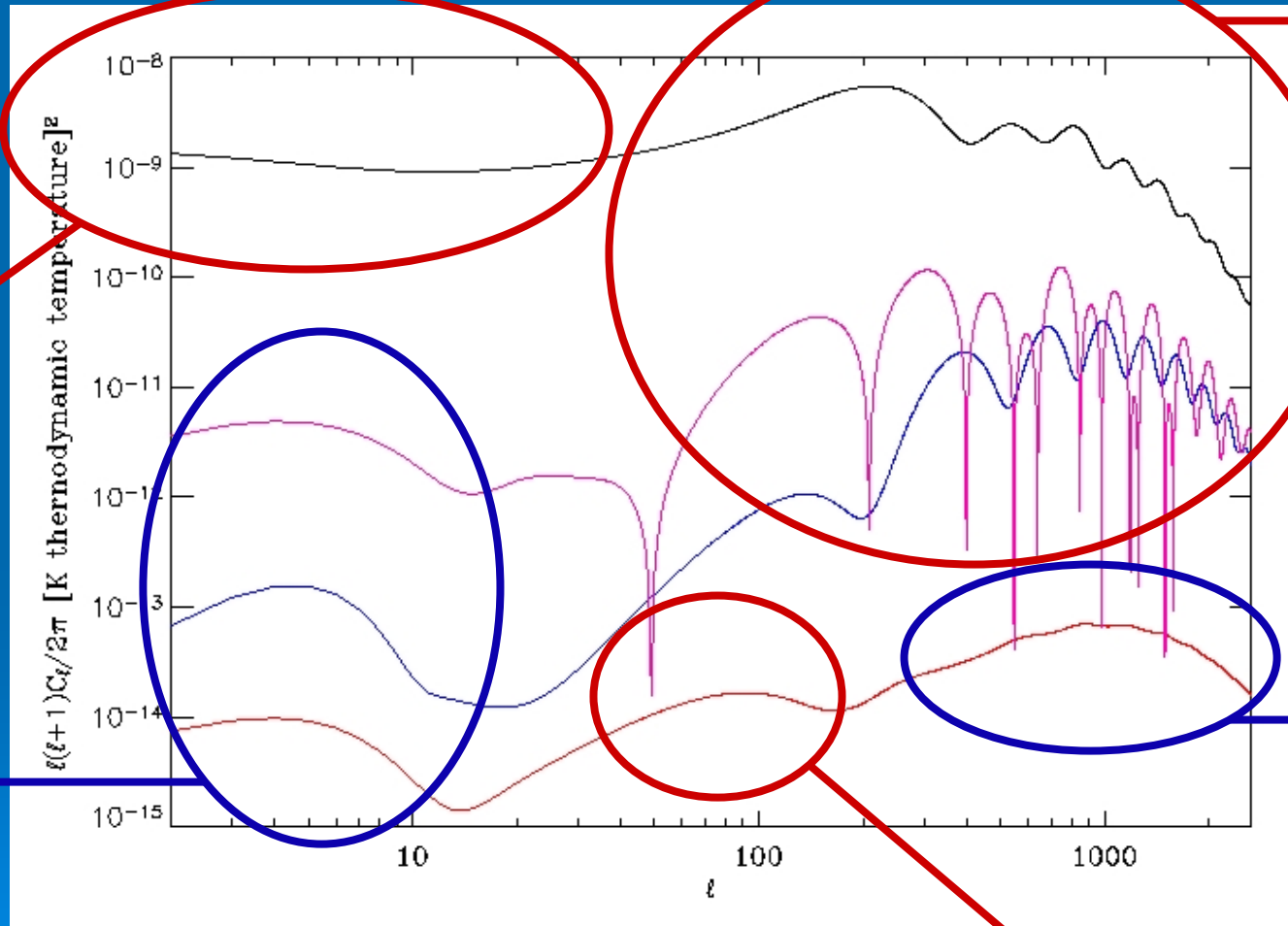
Acoustic oscillations

Primordial power

Reionization

Lensing

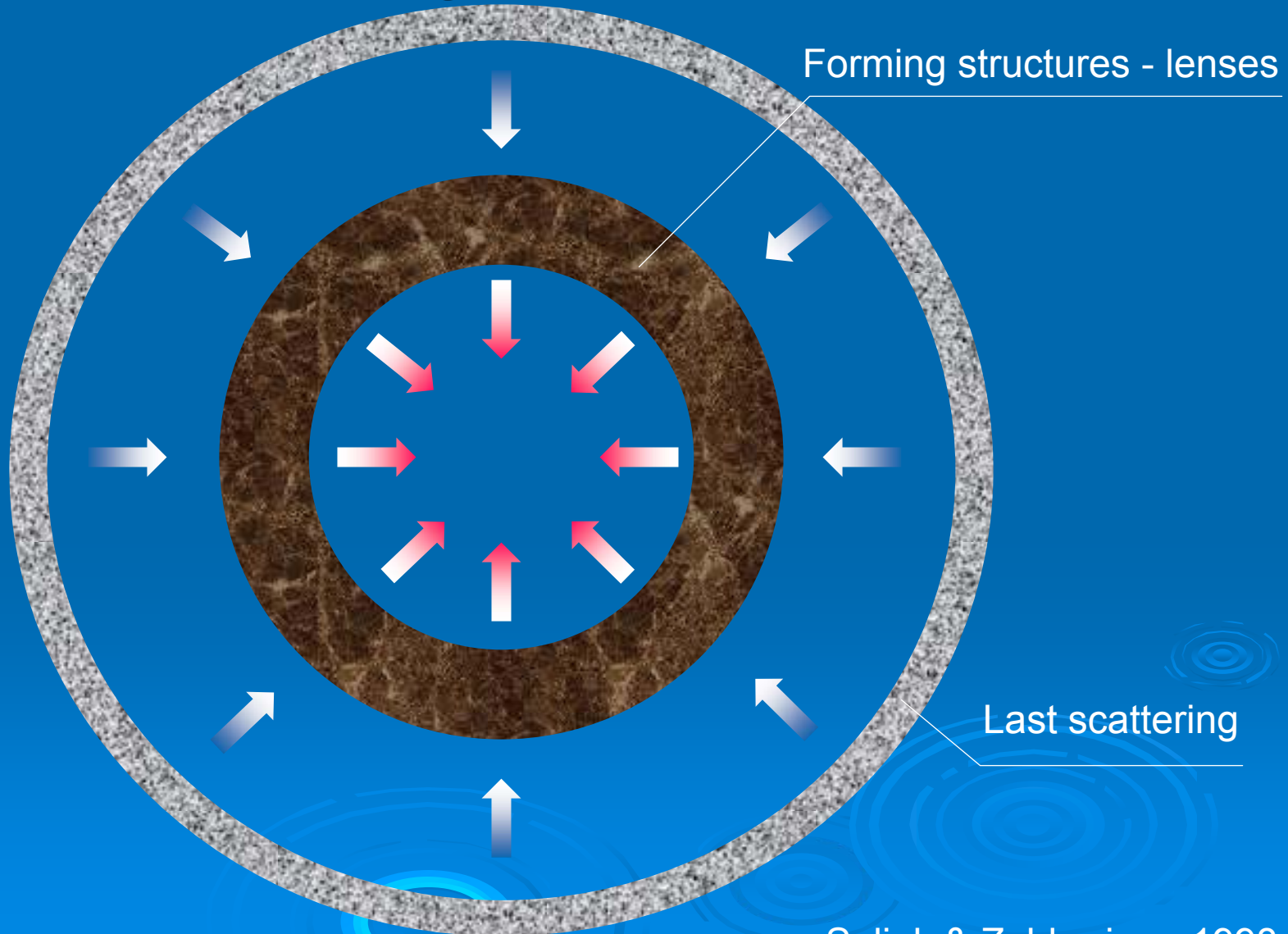
Gravity waves



Angle $\approx 200/l$ degrees

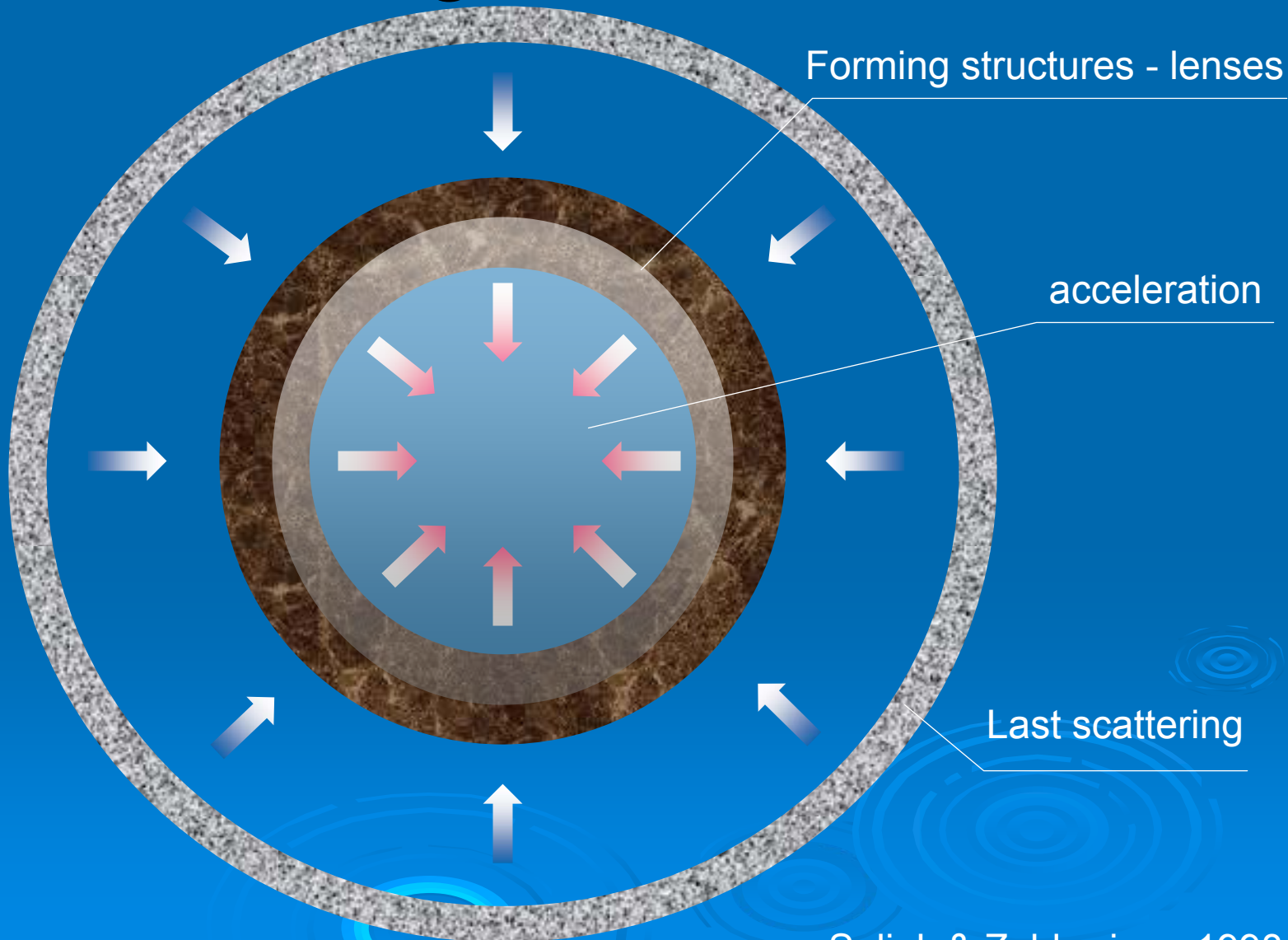
Lensing B modes

E
B



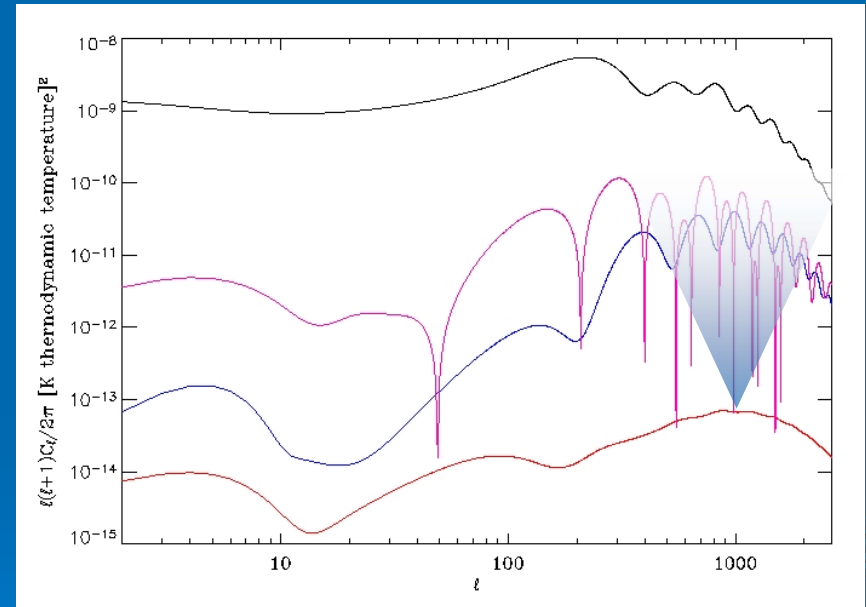
Lensing B modes

E
B



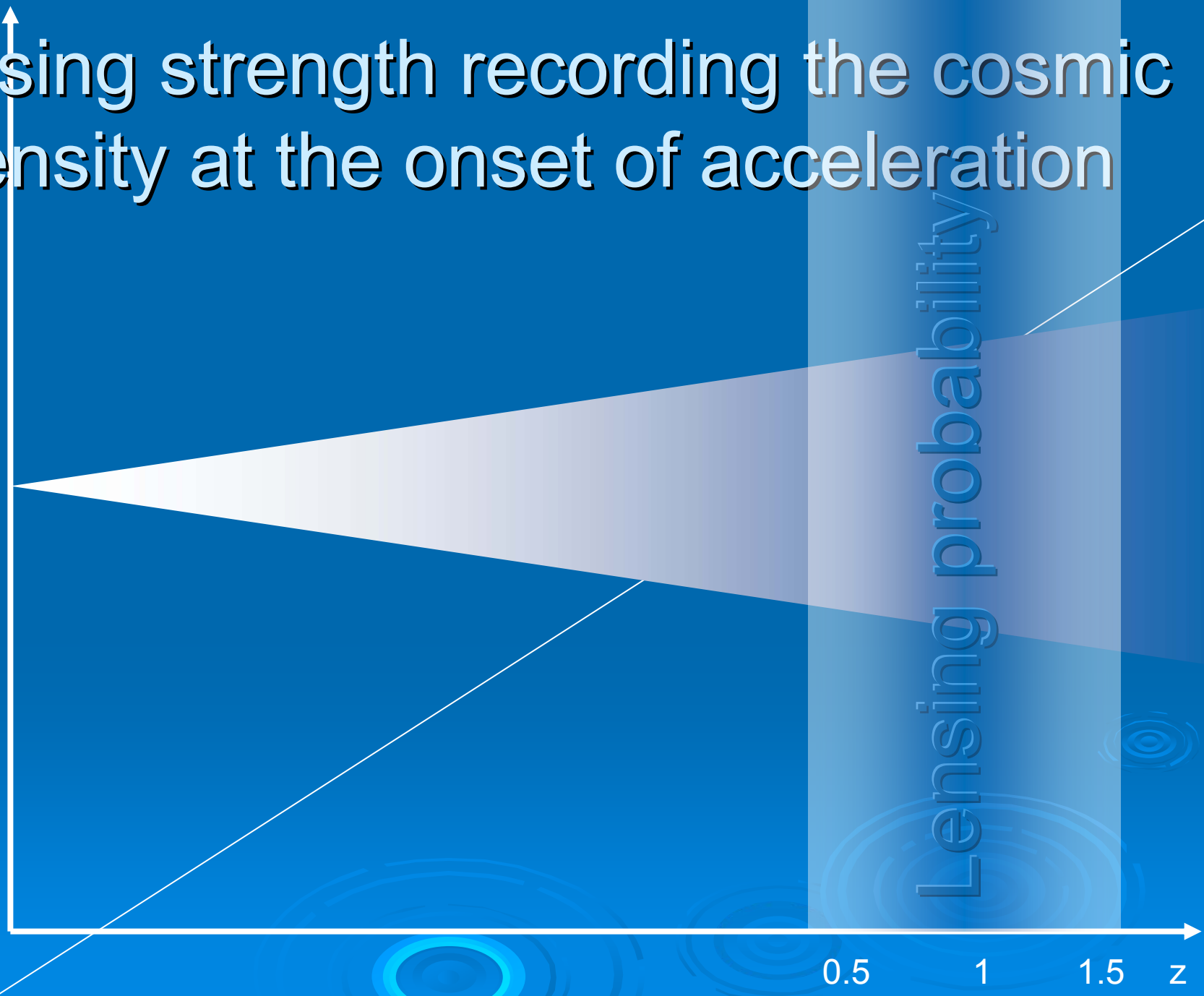
CMB lensing: a science per se

- Lensing is a second order cosmological effect
- Lensing correlates scales
- The lensing pattern is non-Gaussian
- Statistics characterization in progress, preliminary investigations indicate an increase by a factor 3 of the uncertainty from cosmic variance



Lensing strength recording the cosmic density at the onset of acceleration

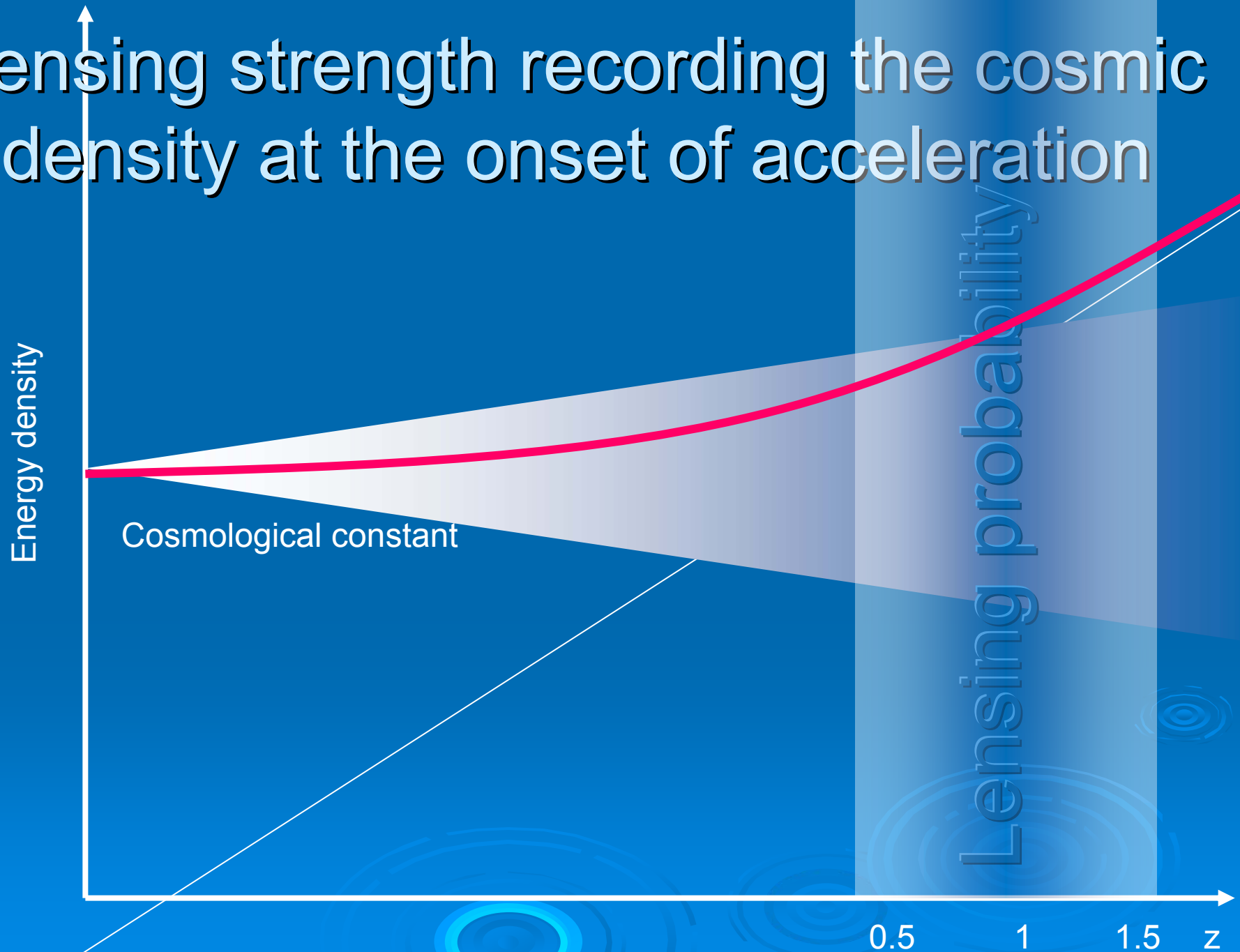
Energy density



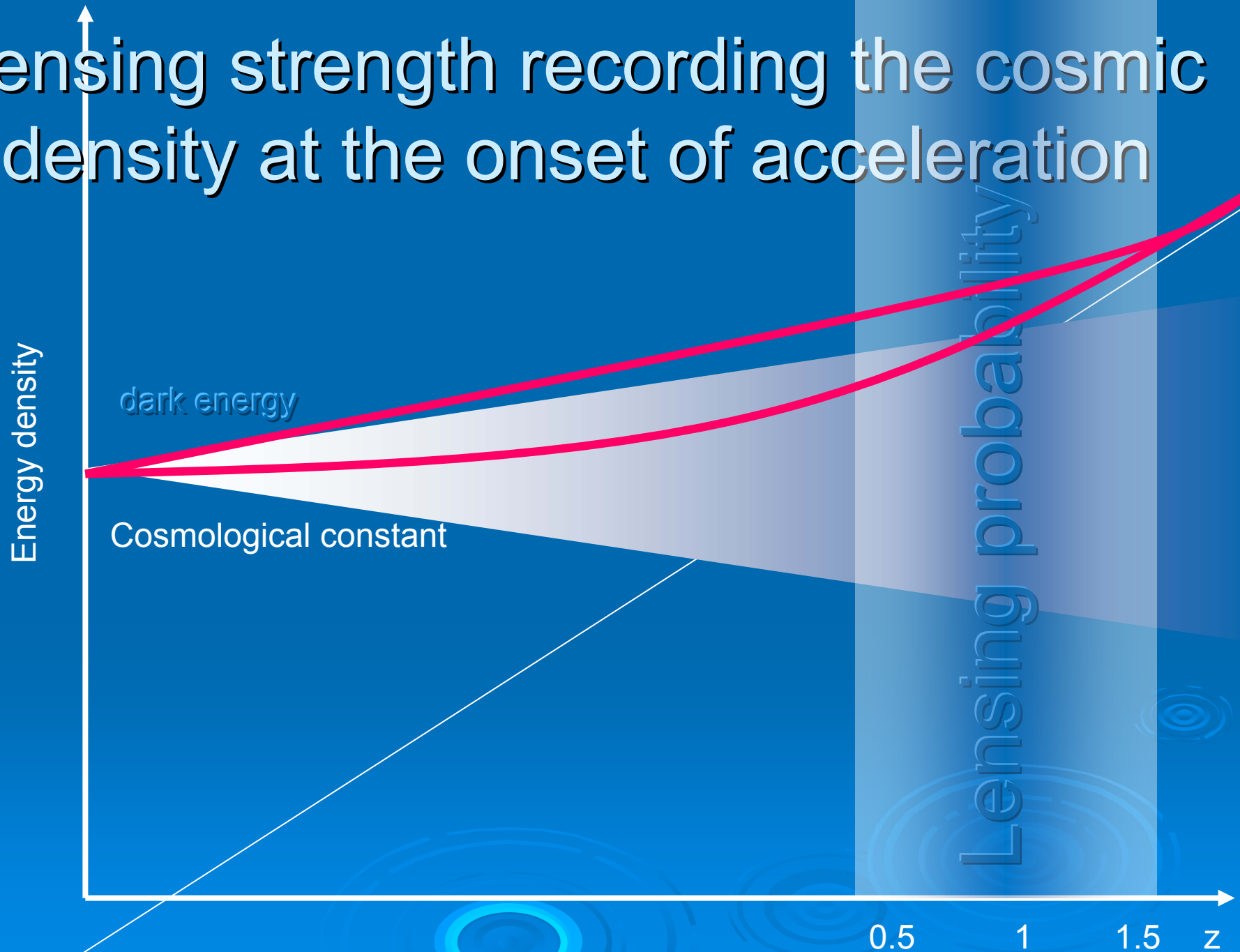
0.5 1 1.5 z

Lensing probability

Lensing strength recording the cosmic density at the onset of acceleration



Lensing strength recording the cosmic density at the onset of acceleration

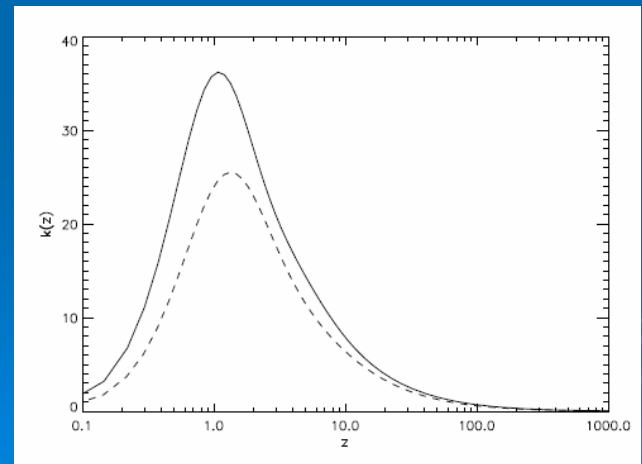
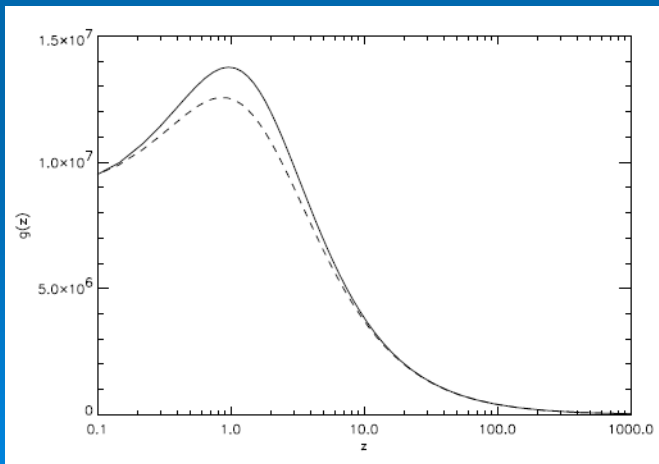
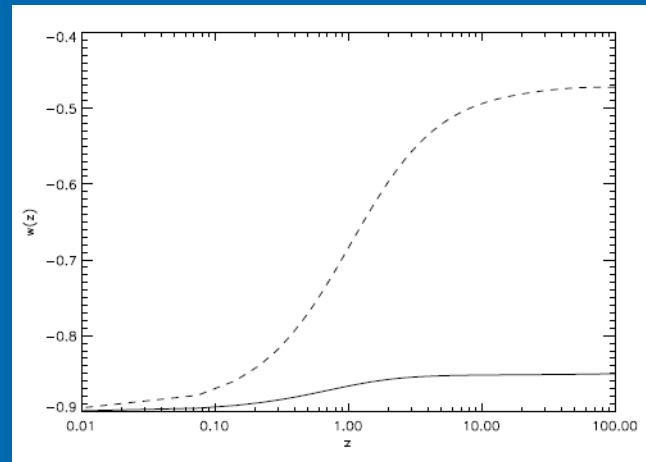


So let's play...

- Upgrade a Boltzmann code for lensing computation in dark energy cosmologies (Acquaviva et al. 2004 experienced doing that with cmbfast, lensing.f has to be substantially changed...)
- Get lensed CMB angular power spectra for different dark energy dynamics
- Look at the amplitude of lensing B modes

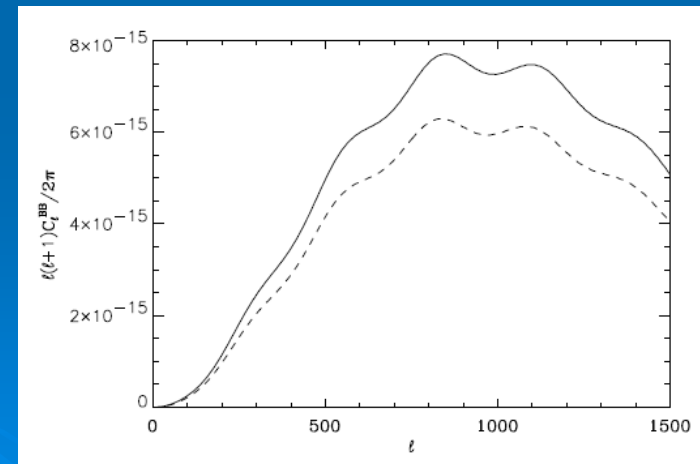
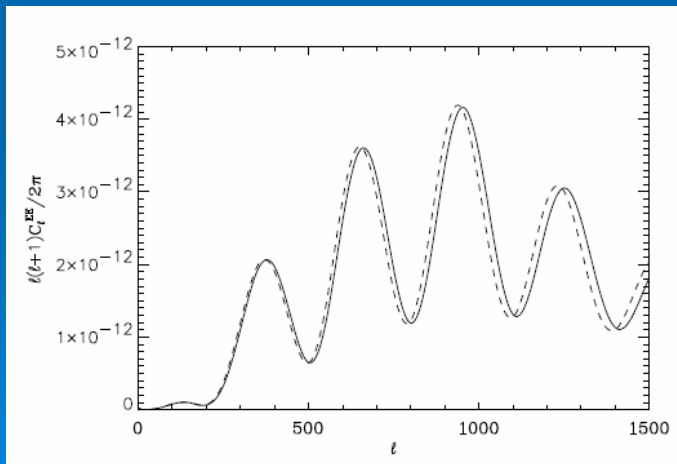
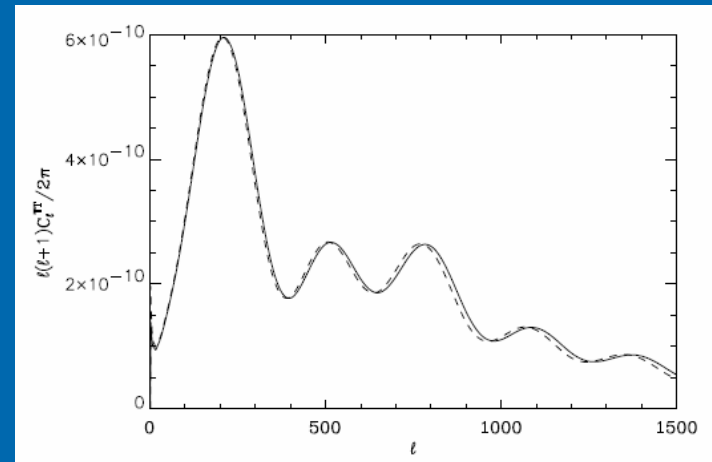
Play...

- SUGRA vs. Ratra-Peebles quintessence
- Check structure formation, linear perturbation growth rate, ...
- Perturbations and distances affected by geometry coherently...
- Effects sum up in the lensing kernel

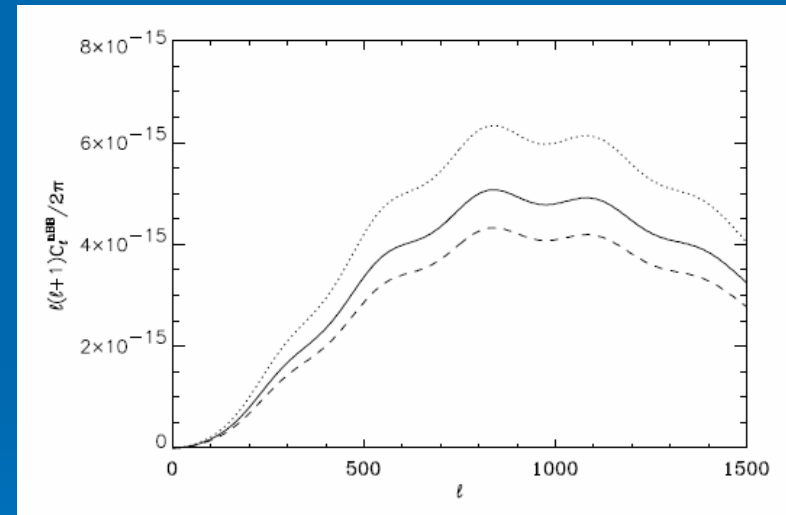
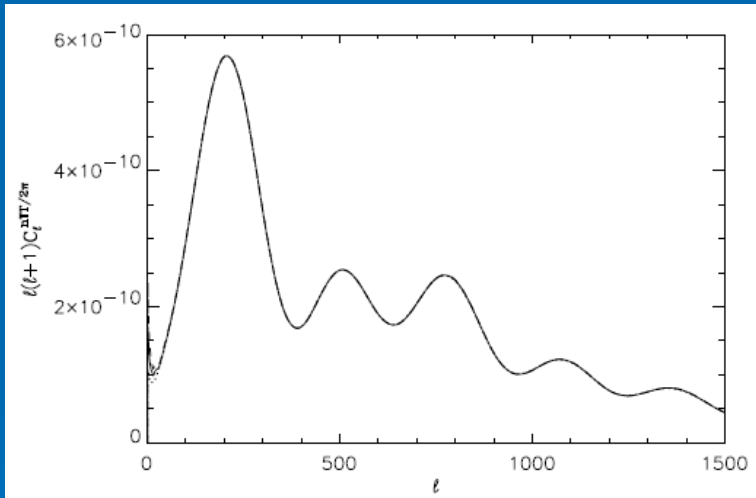


Play...

- TT and EE spectra: slight projection shift
- BB amplitude: reflecting cosmic density at structure formation/onset of acceleration



Breaking projection degeneracy

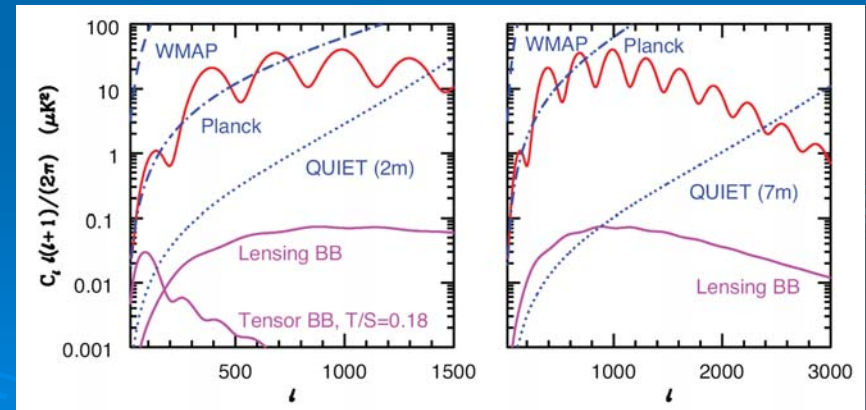
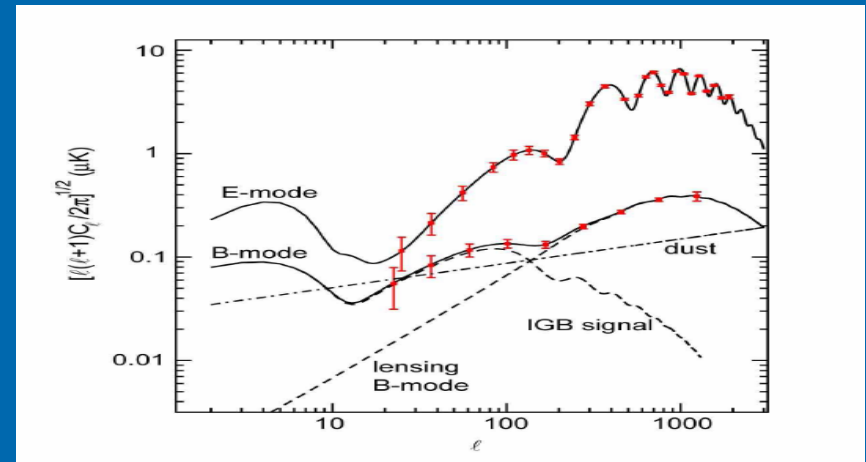


Get serious...

- A Fisher matrix analysis indicates that a 1%-10% measurement on both w_0 and w_a is achievable by having lensing B modes measured on a large sky area, few arcminute resolution, micro-K noise
- New relevance for searching B modes in CMB polarization?
- Independent check of the efficiency of the effect ongoing...

Forthcoming B modes hunters

- Planck, marginal, large scale only)
- EBEx, sensitivity ok for lensing B modes, north american flight in fall 2007
- QUIET , sensitivity ok for lensing B modes
- Clover
- Brain
- ...
- Complete list available at lambda.gsfc.nasa.gov
- Beyond Einstein, Cosmic Vision...



Conclusions

- CMB lensing sensitivity is at high redshifts
- The CMB is not a probe of the dark energy density redshift average, but can reasonably put two error bars on the dark energy abundance at $z=0$ and 0.5
- Partner to other probes for constraining the redshift behavior of the dark energy
- You do not know where systematics hit more, so keep it in your toolbox